



Instruction Manual

PAPERLESS RECORDER

TYPE: PHF



PREFACE

Thank you for your purchasing Fuji Paperless Recorder (Type: PHF).

- Read this instruction manual carefully to ensure correct installation, operation and preparation. Incorrect handling may lead to accident or injury.
- Specifications of this unit are subject to change without prior notice for improvement.
- Modification of this unit without permission is strictly prohibited. Fuji will not be bear any responsibility for a trouble caused by such a modification.
- This instruction manual should be kept by the person who is actually using the unit.
- After reading the manual, be sure to keep it at a place easy to access.
- This instruction manual should be delivered to the end user without fail.

Manufacturer : Fuji Electric Instrumentation Co., Ltd.
Type : Shown on nameplate of Paperless Recorder
Date of manufacture : Shown on nameplate of Paperless Recorder
Product nationality : Japan

(Note) Windows 2000/XP, Excel, WORD PAD are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

(Note) Compact Flash is a trademark of Sandisk Corporation.

Request

- It is prohibited to transfer part or all of the manual without Fuji's permission.
- Description in this manual will be changed without prior notice.

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CAUTION ON SAFETY

Read this “Caution on Safety” carefully before using the instrument.

- Be sure to observe the instructions shown below, because they describe important information on safety. The degree of danger is classified into the following two levels: “DANGER” and “CAUTION.”

The signs and their meanings are as follows:

 DANGER	Improper handling may cause dangerous situations that may result in death or severe injury.
 CAUTION	Improper handling may cause dangerous situations that may result in moderate or light injuries or property damage.

 <b style="font-size: 24px;">DANGER
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When there is a possibility that the abnormality of this instrument may cause a major accident or damage to other instruments, externally install an adequate emergency stop circuit or a protection circuit to prevent accidents. • This product is provided with a built-in fuse that cannot be replaced by the customer. Therefore, we recommend you to separately provide adequate fuses externally. (Rating: 250V, 1A) The details of the built-in fuse are as follows. Type: TR-5 19372, 3.15A (Manufactured by Wickmann-Werke GmbH) Rating: 250V, 3.25A, Type: T (Slow-blow type) • Feed the power-supply voltage to specifications to prevent damages to and breakdown of the instrument. • Never turn on the power before all the mounting and wiring work are finished to prevent electric shock, malfunction or failure of the instrument. • Never use this instrument in an environment where flammable or explosive gases exist, since this is not of intrinsically safe construction. • Never disassemble, remodel, modify, or repair this instrument. Otherwise malfunction, electric shock, or failure may result. • Never touch the terminal while the instrument is being energized. Otherwise electric shock or malfunction may result. • Turn off the power before attaching/detaching the module/unit. Otherwise electric shock, malfunction or failure may result. • We recommend you to perform periodic maintenance for the safe and continuous use of this instrument, because consumable parts or those which deteriorate with time are mounted in this instrument. • Do not block the ventilation holes at the top and the bottom of this instrument. Otherwise a failure, malfunction, shortened service life, or fire may result.

CAUTION

- Never use the instrument if it is found damaged or deformed when unpacked. Otherwise a fire, malfunction, or failure may result.
- Check that the instrument is to the proper specifications. Otherwise damage or failure may result.
- Do not give a shock to the instrument by falling or toppling it. Otherwise damage or failure may result.
- Operate the instrument paying attention to prevent foreign matters such as scraps, electric wire chips, and iron powder from entering in the instrument.
- Check every six months that the terminal screws and mounting screws are securely fastened. Loose screws may cause fire or malfunction.
- When changing the setting during the operation or forcibly outputting, starting or stopping the instrument, be sure to check that safety is ensured. Improper operation may result in damage or failure of the instrument.
- Be sure to keep the attached terminal cover mounted on the terminal block during the operation. Otherwise electric shock or fire may result.
- Never install this instrument in the following environments.
 - A place where the ambient temperature goes beyond the range from 0 to 50°C (0 to 40°C when the instrument is mounted with its side face closely contacted)
 - A place where the ambient humidity goes beyond the range from 20 to 80% RH
 - A place where condensation occurs
 - A place where corrosive gases (sulfuric gases or ammonia, etc., in particular) or flammable gases exist
 - A place where vibration or impact may be applied to the instrument (permissible continuous vibration condition: 4.9 m/s² or lower)
 - A place subjected to water, oil, chemicals, vapor, or steam
 - A place subjected to dust and high in salt or iron content
 - A place where inductive interference may have a great effect, thus causing static electricity, magnetism, or noises
 - A place subjected to heat accumulation by radiant heat or the likeIf the instrument is installed near other electronics instruments, such as TV in particular, noises may be caused. Take the following measures in these cases.
 - Place the instrument as far from the TV or the radio as possible (1m or more)
 - Change the orientation of the antenna of the TV or the radio.
 - Use separate receptacles.
- When mounting this instrument against the panel, pay attention not to apply stress to the case. Otherwise the case may be damaged.
- Stop using the instrument if it is immersed in water. Otherwise electric leak, electric shock, or fire may result.
- Do not use the wires other than the specified compensation conducting wires for the thermocouple input connection. Otherwise improper indication or malfunction may result.
- Use a wire material with low wire resistance and with small resistance difference among the three wires for the resistance bulb input connection. Otherwise improper indication or malfunction may result.

 **CAUTION**

- If a large noise is generated from the power supply, provide an isolating transformer and use a noise filter.
- Never use organic solvents such as alcohol or benzene when cleaning this instrument. Do not directly water the main unit. Otherwise deterioration, failure, electric leak, electric shock, or fire may result. When cleaning the main unit, wipe with a dry cloth.
- Dispose the instrument as an industrial waste.
- Be sure to ground the instrument. Otherwise electric shock or malfunction may result.
- Only authorized workers should perform wiring. Improper wiring may cause fire, failure, or electric shock.
- At this equipment, the electrostatic discharge is evaluated as performance criteria B in EN61326.
- This product contains a CR Coin Lithium Battery which contains Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate

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CAUTION

Refer to chapters 3 and 4 only when installing this instrument. Only qualified workers should carry out mounting and wiring of this instrument.

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1. INTRODUCTION

We thank you for purchasing Fuji Paperless Recorder PHF.

The instruction manual describes installation, operation, and maintenance of Paperless Recorder. Read this manual carefully before use.

1.1 Paperless recorder

- (1) This recorder displays measured data in real time on the liquid crystal display. It is a paperless type that is also capable of saving the measured data to a compact flash card.
- (2) It can set up to 6 channels for the input types such as thermocouple, resistance bulb, and DC voltage (or current).
- (3) It allows the measured data saved to the compact flash card to be displayed on the display unit. Use of the support software attached to the recorder allows the saved data to be displayed on a personal computer.

1.2 Product check

Upon receiving the recorder unit, check the appearance for damage, and if the correct quantity of the accessories are supplied.

Check on accessories

This recorder comes with the accessories shown in Fig. 1-1. Check that they are all present.

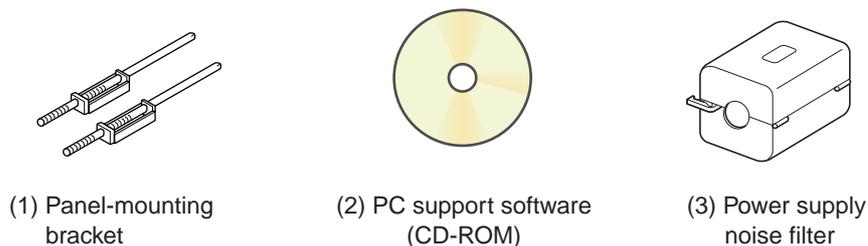


Fig. 1-1 Accessories

Product name		Quantity
(1)	Panel-mounting bracket	2
(2)	CD-ROM	1
	PC support software instruction manual	
(3)	Power supply noise filter	1

1.3 Check on type and specification

Code symbols are marked on specification nameplates. Check the type as ordered. (The specification nameplates are attached to the right of the case and at the rear of the display unit).

CODE SYMBOLS			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			P	H	F	*	1	B	1	1	-	E	1	*	*V
Digit	Item	Specifications													
4	Number of input points	3-point input 6-point input				↓	5								
11	Alarm (relay) output/DI input board	Without With											↓	0	
														1	
12	Communication Ethernet	Without With												↓	Y
															E

1.4 Handling memory card (Compact Flash) – Cautions on handling

- (1) For the memory card, use Sandisk's compact flash memory (URL: <http://www.sandisk.com>). Other memory cards may cause trouble to the recorder.

CAUTION

- 1) When formatting the memory card, use a personal computer. (Refer to 10.3) as FAT16 or FAT
- 2) The memory card should be inserted in the proper direction and fixed securely to the slot.
- 3) Don't turn OFF the power or remove the card from the slot while data is being written in or read from the card, or recorded data may be damaged or lost.
- 4) Measured data saved to the memory card should be backed up, if necessary.
- 5) Using CF card adaptor, please check maximum capacity it can deal with. If your CF card is out of the range, don't format CF card using the adaptor. When formatting CF card by the adaptor, you may find a complete format on Windows, but PHF might not read the card.
- 6) The compact flash card is a consumable item. If the following phenomena take place, the card must have come to the end of its service life. Replace the card in such cases.
 - The number of recording files is found to be larger than expected even though power failure did not occur or recording was not interrupted.
 - The recording file loaded into the PC cannot be opened with the data viewer.

- (2) Compact flash in the capacity range from 8MB to 512MB can be used.

Refer to the following tables for the storage capacity in the case of 6-channel recording (on condition that no events such as alarms or messages are occurring, and that totalizing is stopped). (The number of days required for 3-channel recording is approximately 1.6 times of those shown in the table.)

Compact flash size		16MB					
Display refresh cycle		1 sec	10 sec	30 sec	1 min	10 min	30 min
Recordable capacity (about)	ASCII format	39 hours	16 days	49 days	99 days	2.7 years	8.1 years
	Binary format	156 hours	64 days	196 days	396 days	10.8 years	32.4 years

Compact flash size		64MB				
Display refresh cycle		1 sec	10 sec	30 sec	1 min	10 min
Recordable capacity (about)	ASCII format	159 hours	66 days	199 days	398 days	10.9 years
	Binary format	636 hours	264 days	796 days	1,592 days	43.6 years

Compact flash size		256MB			
Display refresh cycle		1 sec	10 sec	30 sec	1 min
Recordable capacity (about)	ASCII format	26 days	265 days	2.1 years	4.3 years
	Binary format	104 days	1060 days	8.4 years	17.2 years

Note: Refer to Item 8.1 "Basic Setting" for the selection of ASCII or binary format for data recording.

- (3) Data write to the memory card is performed according to the following timing. If the power is OFF in the writing cycle, note that the data will not be recorded.

Display refresh cycle	1 sec to 1min	2 min	3 min	5 min	10 min	20 min	30 min
Write cycle	1 min	2 min	3 min	5 min	10 min	20 min	30 min

Display refresh cycle	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	12 hours
Write cycle	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	12 hours

- (4) The data recorded in the compact flash can be regenerated on the PC by using the data viewer (contained in the attached CD-ROM).

If the data is recorded in ASCII format, it can be directly opened in a spreadsheet such as EXCEL. However, large-amount data cannot be opened (about 7MB or larger in the case of 6-point input, and about 4MB or larger in the case of 3-point input).

In those cases, read in data with the data viewer (contained in the attached CD-ROM), and perform CSV conversion to divide the file, which allows the data to be read in.

The data recorded in binary format cannot be directly opened in a spreadsheet such as EXCEL. Refer to Item 8.1 "Basic Setting" for details.

- (5) Removing memory card

By prohibiting the writing on the memory card, the card can be taken out even if the recording or integration is not stopped. Refer to Item 9.2 "Removing memory card (compact flash)" for the procedure.

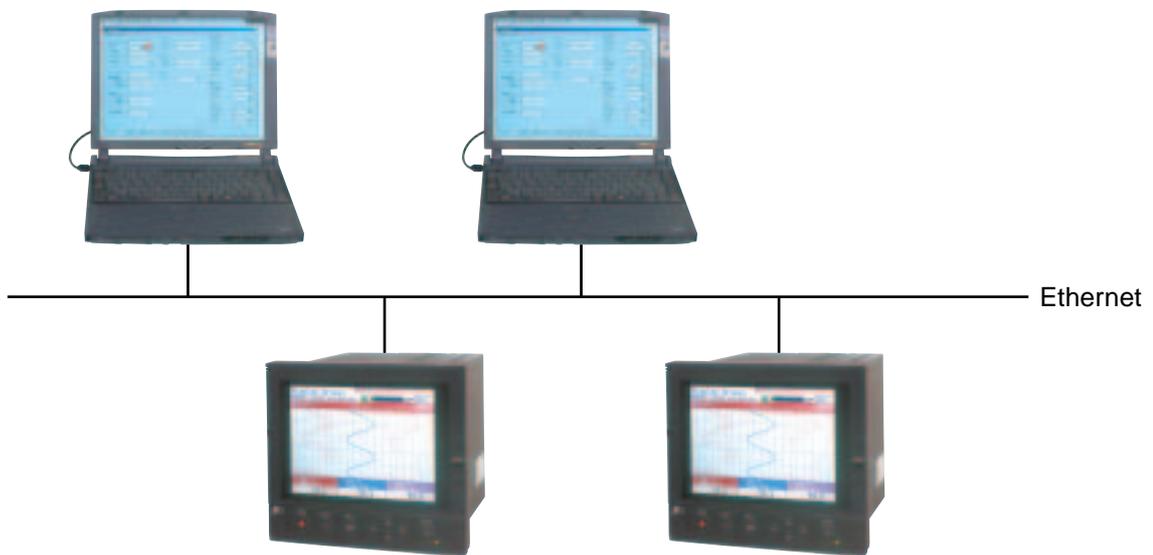
CAUTION

Make sure to prohibit writing before removing the memory card or when using FTP server function.

(6) About communication function

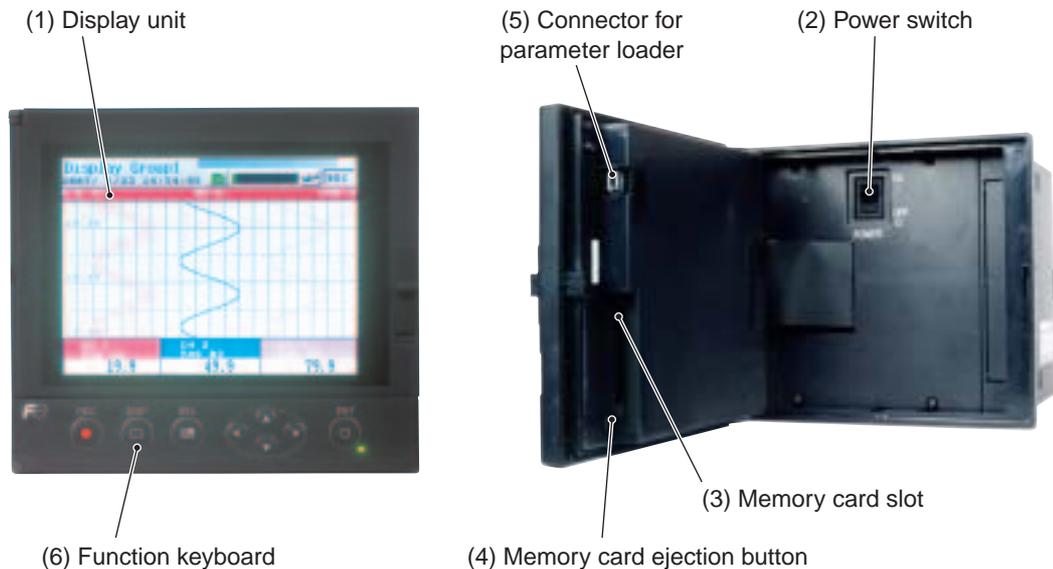
By connecting the paperless recorder to Ethernet, the following function can be used (when “E” is selected for the 12th digit of the code symbols).

- FTP server function: Record files stored in the compact flash of the recorder can be downloaded from the PC on the network using Web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer) or DOS prompt.
- Web server function: Measurements of the recorder or event log on the network can be displayed using Web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer).
- E-mail function: E-mails can be sent to specified addresses with the measurement of the recorder attached.
- MODBUS TCP/IP function: Settings of the recorder can be read or written from the PC on the network using MODBUS TCP/IP function.



2. NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF PARTS

2.1 Names and functions of parts



(1) Display unit

Allows the Real time trend screen, Bar Graph Display screen, Digital Display screen, Historical trend screen and other various Parameter Set screens to be displayed.

(2) Power switch

Used to turn the power ON or OFF.

(3) Memory card slot

Used for inserting the memory card

(4) Memory card ejection button

To remove the memory card from the slot, press this button.

CAUTION

- 1) If you want to remove the memory card while recording is in progress (while **REC** in the display unit is highlighted) or during totalizing, refer to Item 9.2 or stop recording and totalizing before removing the memory card. Otherwise, the data cannot be recorded correctly, or the past data may be damaged. (If the memory card is removed and inserted again while recording or totalizing is in progress, it is recorded as a new file.)
- 2) While the compact flash of the paperless recorder is accessed by FTP communication, do not take out the compact flash. Furthermore, when the FTP server function is used, inhibit access to the compact flash in the "Memory card abstract" screen, before taking out the compact flash.

(5) Connector for parameter loader

When changing parameters by using a loader, connect the exclusive cable (optional cable: PHZP0201) to the connector.

(6) Function keyboard

Used for operation, or setting and verifying each parameter.



Key name	Function
 REC (Record)	<p>Used to start or stop recording.</p> <p>Pressing once, starts recording. After that pressing once again, stops recording.</p>
 DISP (Display)	<p>Used to switch display contents. Each time the key is pressed, the display is switched to (1) → (2) → (3) → (4) → (5) → (6) and returns to (1).</p> <p>(1) Real time trend display Displays the measurement data of an arbitrary channel on data display screen (note 1)</p> <p>(2) Key guidance Key operation guidance appears.</p> <p>(3) Bar graph display Displays the measured data of the channel in a bar graph.</p> <p>(4) Digital display. Displays the measured data of the channel in numerical values.</p> <p>(5) Event summary display Displays the alarm summary or message summary.</p> <p>(6) Ethernet log display Pressing this key on the parameter setting screen (note 2), the display is switched to the Real time trend display.</p>
 SEL (Select)	<p>Used to switch from the data display screen (note 1) to the parameter setting screen (note 2).</p> <p>Pressing the key on the parameter setting screen switches to the screen one step up.</p> <p>However, pressing the key on the menu screen does not change screens.</p>
 ENT (Entry)	<p>(1) Used for selection on the setting screen or registration of the set data.</p> <p>(2) If the key is pressed while the scales are displayed on the real time trend display screen, historical trend display screen (*1), or recorded data display screen, the channels for which scales are to be displayed can be switched. (Scale of ch1 → scale of ch2 → → scale of ch6 → scale of ch1 → scale of ch2.....)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">*1: The screen in the past of the data currently recorded</p>
 (Cursor)	<p>(1) Used to select setting items.</p> <p>(2) Used to increase or decrease numerical values.</p> <p>(3) Pressing the ▼ key on the real time trend displays the historical trend screen (*1). At this time, the window can be scrolled using the cursor key.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">*1: The screen in the past of the data currently recorded</p>

Note 1 : See Item 6.4 for detail.

Note 2 : See Item 7.1 for detail.

2.2 Inserting and removing the memory card

The memory card is used for saving measured data. Before attempting to use the recorder, set it in the recorder slot securely.

This section explains how to insert the memory card into or remove it from the slot.

(1) To insert memory card

Step 1) Open the panel unit.



Step 2) Insert the memory card into the slot at the right side of the panel unit as shown in Photo.

CAUTION

Insert straight the card in accordance with the photo, or the inside pins might be broken. If you insert with wrong direction, the slot is broken.



(2) To remove memory card

Step 1) Press the memory card ejection button to remove the memory card from the slot.

CAUTION

- 1) **Do not remove the memory card while data is written in it (while the lamp indicating writing status is kept on). Refer to Item 9.2 “Removing memory card (compact flash)” for the removal of the memory card while recording is in progress.**
- 2) **After inserting the memory card into the slot, don't remove the card until the recorder can acknowledge it.**
- 3) **Be careful with static electricity when removing the memory card.**



Memory card ejection button

2.3 Recording data to memory card

(1) Recorded data:

Data can be recorded in the following three formats. Either ASCII or binary format can be selected for recording. Refer to Item 8.1 “Basic Setting.”

Trend data : Records the maximum and the minimum values, average value or instantaneous values of the measured value sampled at display update cycles.

Trend data file name to be created: S00****.FDT (**** is substituted by four-digit numerical value.)

Refer to “Appendix 1 (1) Trend data file” for recording format.

Event data : Records the information on occurrence or release of alarms and message issuing information.

Event data file name to be created: A00****.FDT (**** is substituted by four-digit numerical value.)

Refer to “Appendix 1 (2) Event data file” for recording format.

(2) Parameter save data:

Setting file: Stores the setting created on the recorder main unit or the parameter loader.

Name of setting file: PA00000.PHF

(3) Recording capacity:

It depends on the capacity of the memory card.

Refer to the following tables for the storage capacity in the case of 6-channel recording (on condition that no events such as alarms are occurring).

(The number of days required for 3-channel recording is approximately 1.6 times of those shown in the table.)

Compact flash size		16MB					
Display refresh cycle		1 sec	10 sec	30 sec	1 min	10 min	30 min
Recordable capacity (about)	ASCII format	39 hours	16 days	49 days	99 days	2.7 years	8.1 years
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	Binary format	636 hours	264 days	796 days	1,592 days	43.6 years

Compact flash size		256MB			
Display refresh cycle		1 sec	10 sec	30 sec	1 min
Recordable capacity (about)	ASCII format	26 days	265 days	2.1 years	4.3 years
	Binary format	104 days	1060 days	8.4 years	17.2 years

Note: Refer to Item 8.1 “Basic Setting” for the selection of ASCII or binary format for data recording.

(4) Recording cycle:

Refer to the following tables for the timing of writing the trend data to the compact flash.

The event data is written in the compact flash by the minute.

Display refresh cycle	1 sec to 1min	2 min	3 min	5 min	10 min	20 min	30 min
Writing cycle	1 min	2 min	3 min	5 min	10 min	20 min	30 min

Display refresh cycle	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	12 hours
Writing cycle	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	12 hours

(5) Timing to start recording:

The event data cannot be written in the compact flash until the first display refreshment cycle passes by.

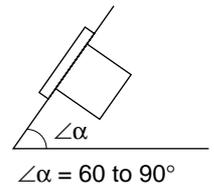
3. MOUNTING METHOD

This unit is designed to be panel mounted.

3.1 Mounting location

Select the following location for mounting the unit.

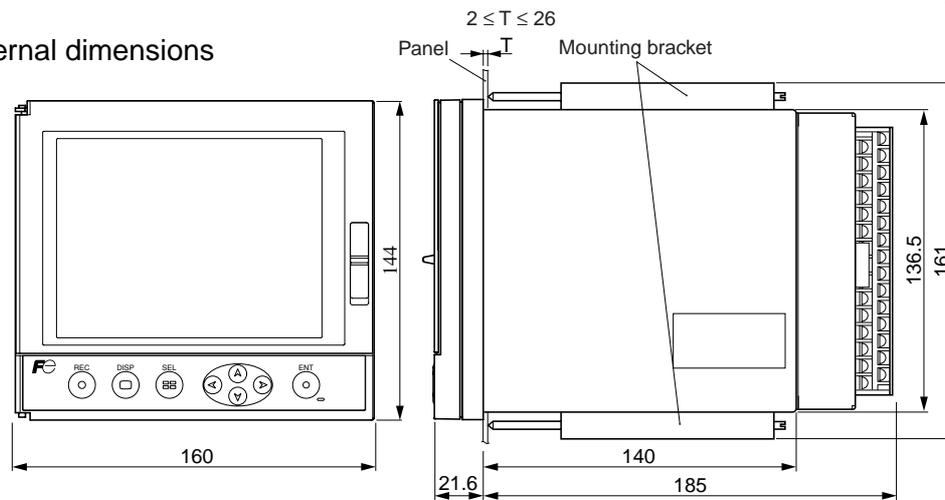
- (1) A place that is not subject to vibration or shock.
- (2) A place where there is no dust, dirt or corrosive gas.
- (3) A place that is subject to little temperature variation and is in the range of 0 to 50°C.
- (4) A place that is not struck directly by strong radiant heat.
- (5) A place that is free from water drip or dew condensation in the range of 20 to 80%RH.
- (6) A place that is well ventilated for the dispersion of heat generated from other devices.
- (7) A space that is accessible for wiring, and maintenance and check.
- (8) A place that is not affected by electromagnetic wave from wireless machine or portable telephones.
- (9) Mount the unit horizontally, with no tilt to the left or right (The forward tilt should be 0° but the unit may be inclined 0 to 30° rearwards.



3.2 External dimensions and panel cutout dimensions

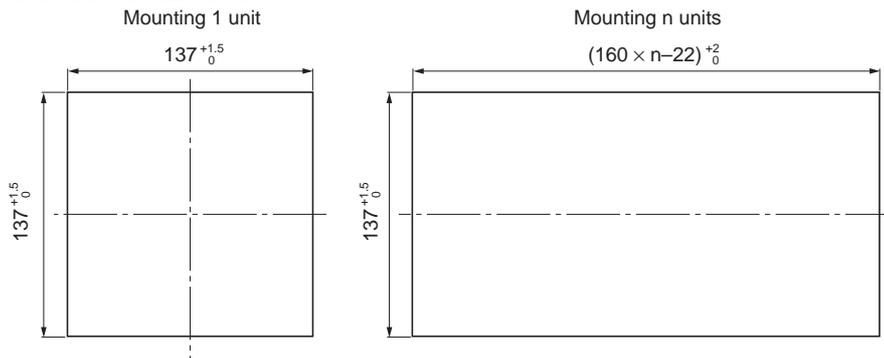
(unit: mm)

External dimensions

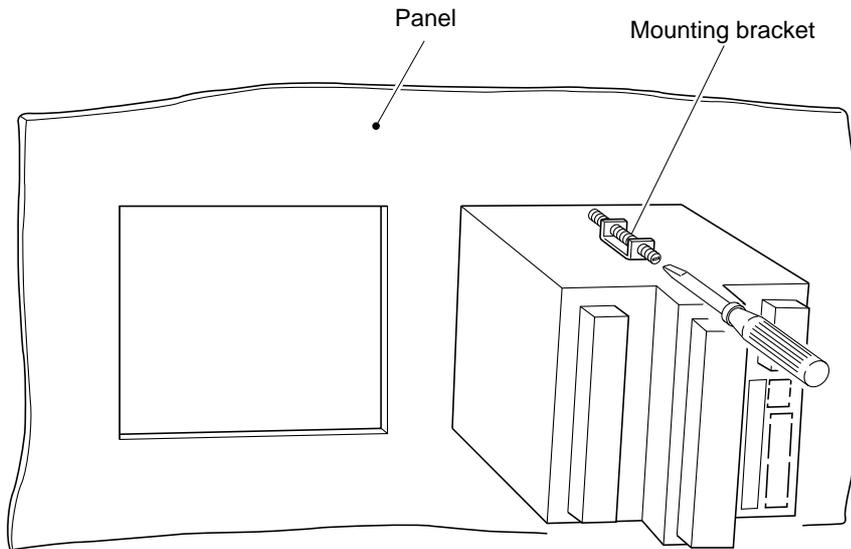


Note) If other instruments are placed under the recorder unit, provide a space of 100 mm or more from the instrument or floor.

Panel cutout dimensions



3.3 How to mount the unit onto the panel



- Using the supplied mounting bracket, tighten the upper and lower screws until the panel is fixed.
- The panel to be used should be more than 2 mm and less than 26 mm thick.

CAUTION

Excessive torque will cause damage to front panel frame or result in case deformation.

Torque: 0.2 N·m

4. WIRING

4.1 Before wiring

(Note) When cables are connected to terminals of the recorder unit, don't apply pulling force to them excessively. Excessive force to the terminal may result in damage to the terminal or cable.

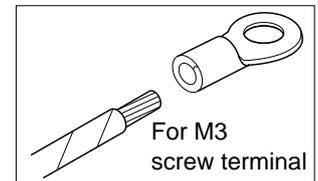
- (1) Use the power cable that has the performance equivalent to or higher than 600-V vinyl insulated power cable.
- (2) For the thermocouple input, be sure to use a compensated lead wire.
- (3) Input signal cables should be wired separately as far as possible (30 cm or more) from power lines and high-voltage lines to minimize the effect of inductive noise. Shielded cables should preferably be used. In this case, the shield braids should be earthed at one point.
- (4) Up to 2 solderless terminals should be used when connecting cables to terminals. Be sure to use an insulation cap.

(Note)

- 1) At the completion of wiring of the input terminals, be sure to close the rear cover to ensure the compensation of reference contact when thermocouple input is used.

In case of thermocouple input, follow the steps to stabilize temperature at the terminal.

- Be sure to attach input terminal cover.
 - Don't use a thick cable to prevent the effect of radiation. It is recommended that the cable with a diameter of 0.5 mm or less should be used.
 - Don't mount other instruments near a fan to keep temperature stable.
- 2) For connection of lead wires to terminals, use of sleeve-insulated clamping terminals is recommended.
 - 3) This product is provided with a built-in fuse that cannot be replaced by the customer. Therefore, we recommend you to separately provide adequate fuses externally. (Rating: 250V, 1A)
 - 4) Don't loosen screws that are secured to the terminal case and power terminal.



4.2 Connection to terminals

(1) Input terminal:

Connect signal cable for each channel.

(2) Alarm relay (DO)/DI (External control unit):

Connect the output of alarm signals and the input of DI (external control) signals (for alarm [DO] 1 to 10 and DI [external control] 1 to 5)

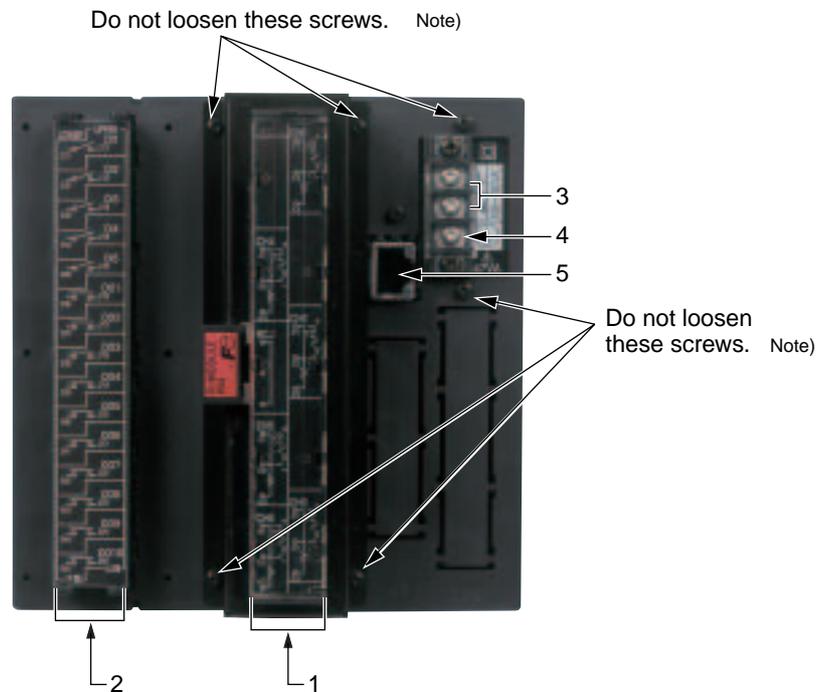
(3) Power terminal:

Connect power cable to L/N terminals. Power source to be connected should be free from noise.

(4) Earth terminal:

Connect grounding cable to “G” terminal (Class-D, 100Ω or less).

(5) Ethernet terminal



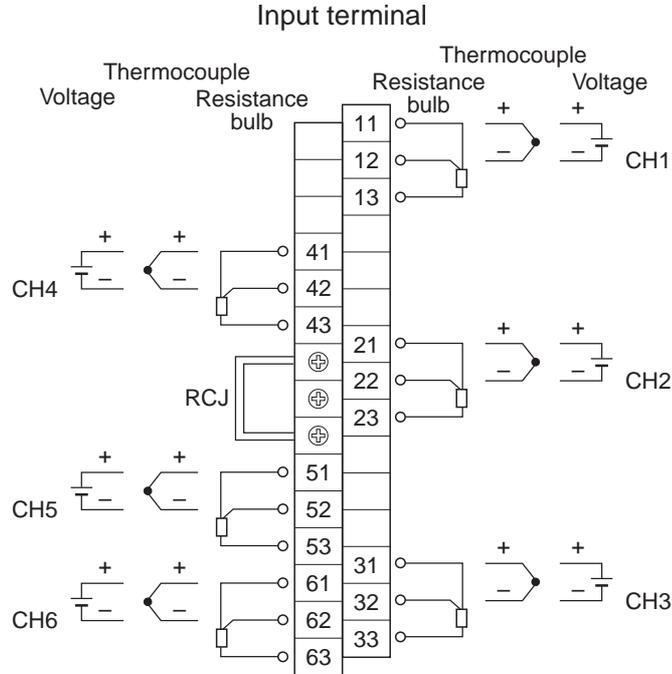
Note: Do not loosen these screws, or recorder can't measure correctly at thermocouple input.

(1) Connection of input terminal

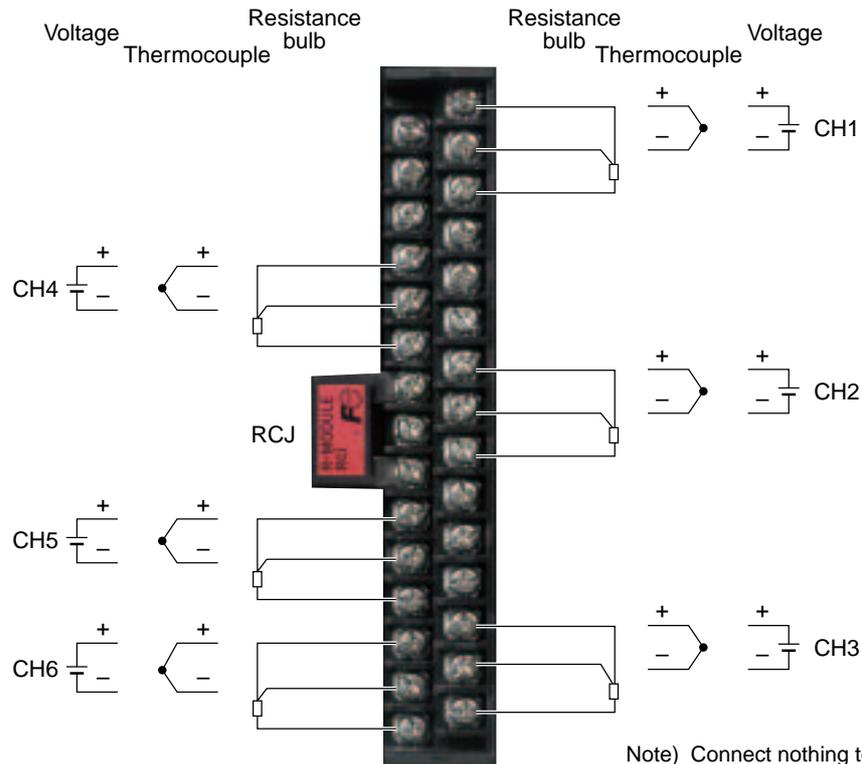
- 1) Input terminal No. is determined for each channel.
- 2) When changing the type of input signal (see Item 8.2) after purchasing the unit, connect input terminals according to the relation between terminal No. and channel No..

Note: Don't input huge signal that is out of range, or recorder is broken.

In case channel 1 to 6



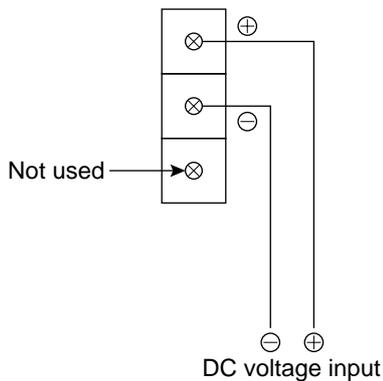
Note) For current input, connect optional shunt resistors to the voltage input terminals.



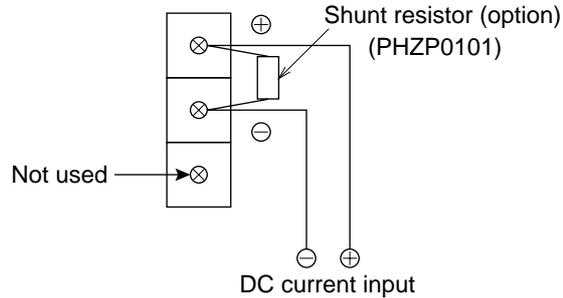
Note) Connect nothing to the terminals not used as input terminals.

Wiring of input terminals

(1) DC voltage input



(2) DC current input

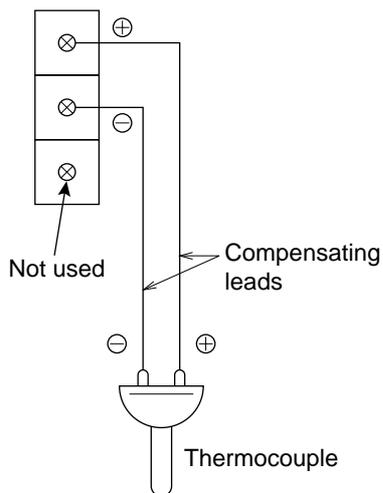


Example 1) For 4 to 20mA and 10 to 50mA input, $10\Omega \pm 0.1\%$ shunt resistance is used.

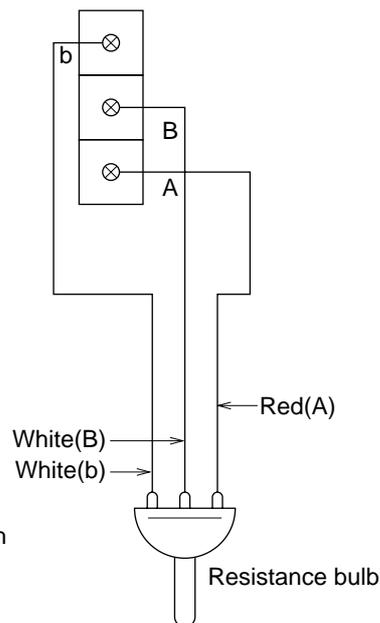
(In this case, set the input range to $\pm 500\text{mV}$ (see Item 8.2).)

Voltage conversion by shunt resistance of 10Ω
 4 to 20mA DC : 40 to 200mV DC
 10 to 50mA DC : 100 to 500mV DC

(3) Thermocouple input



(4) Resistance input



Note) Avoid using thermocouple input with wiring parallel to other instruments.

Note)

- An arbitrary input type can be set for channels 1, 2, 3, and 6.
 An input type can be selected from the same input group for channels 4 and 5.

Example) ch1: Thermocouple
 ch2: Resistance bulb
 ch3: 500mV
 ch4: 5V
 ch5: 5V } Any input type can be set.
 } 1 to 5V or 0 to 5V can be set.

For the setting method, see Item 8.2.

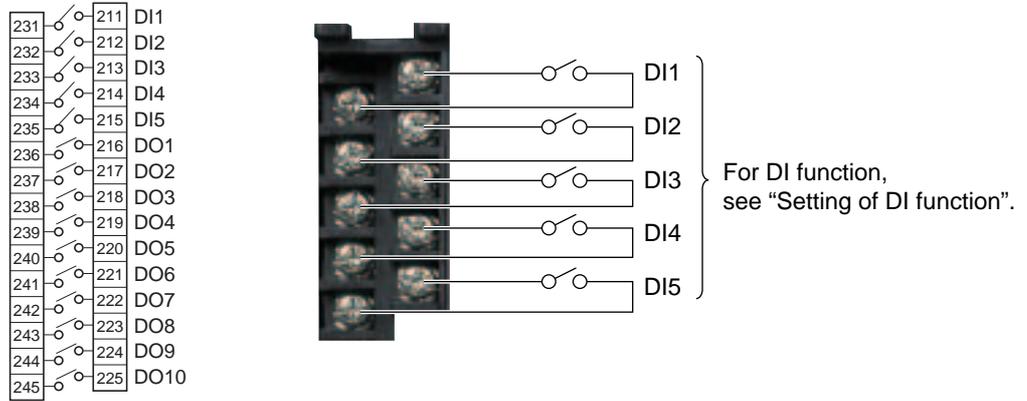
- Don't remove RCJ module, or indication of process variable is not correct at thermocouple input.

(2) Alarm relay output (DO)/DI (external control unit) (Option)

About external control unit (DI)

- 1) This instrument is provided with the function of performing “start/stop of recording operation” and “LCD ON” in response to the contact signals (DI) received from outside the instrument.

Alarm output/DI input terminal



Note 1) DI (external control) unit is not insulated and should be used with a relay connected to the outside.

External contact capacity: 20V/0.05A DC, 1a contact

Note 2) DI (external control) unit is operated as follows when the front switch is pressed.

The unit action will not be affected by items in the table.

(1) Recording start/stop

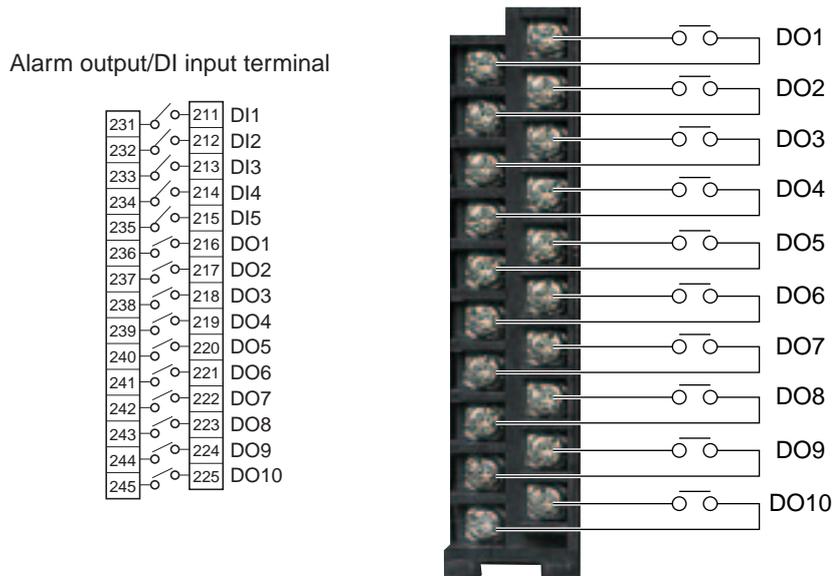
	External control		Front key 
	Recording start/stop by DI		
	ON	OFF	
In recording stop	Recording start	—	Recording start
In recording	—	Recording stop	Recording stop

(2) LCD ON

	External control	
	ON	OFF
In LCD off	LCD ON	—

About alarm output (DO)

- 1) Alarm setting is provided at 4 points for each input channel. Up to 10 points for alarm output can be set as an option.
- 2) When an alarm occurs, the relevant terminals are shorted (ON).
 - 1a contact output: Relay contact capacity : 150V AC/3A, 30V DC/3A (resistive load : DO1)
: 240V AC/3A, 30V DC/3A (resistive load : DO2 to DO10)



Note) If lamps are provided on the outside, set a resistor to prevent rush current. When relays or solenoids are used, set elements for contact protection (diodes or surge killers, etc).

(3) Ethernet

Note: Install the LAN cable far away from the power supply line or strong electric line as possible to avoid the influence of induction noise.

(4) Caution on connection of input signal through barrier

- 1) Thermocouple input and resistance bulb input

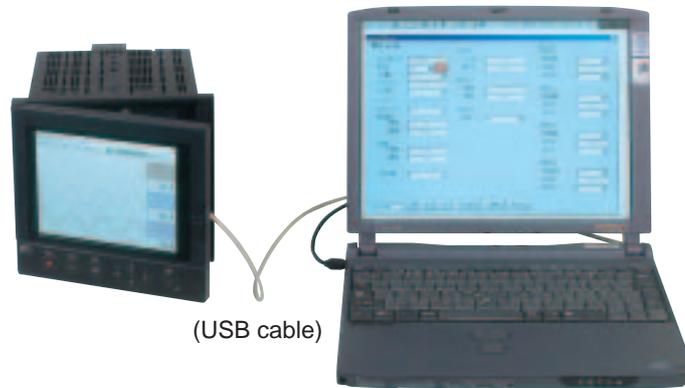
Since the barrier internal resistance is added and causes an error in the measured value, perform “Calibration of measured value” with the input connected to the barrier recorder.

For the calibration method, refer to Item 11.1.

- 2) When using Fuji Zener Barrier (PWZ), a power supply of 100V AC line (85 to 150V AC) should be used to ensure safe operation of the unit.

4.3 Connecting recorder to loader

- (1) When connecting the recorder to a loader, use optional PC loader communication cable (PHZP1801) as shown below.



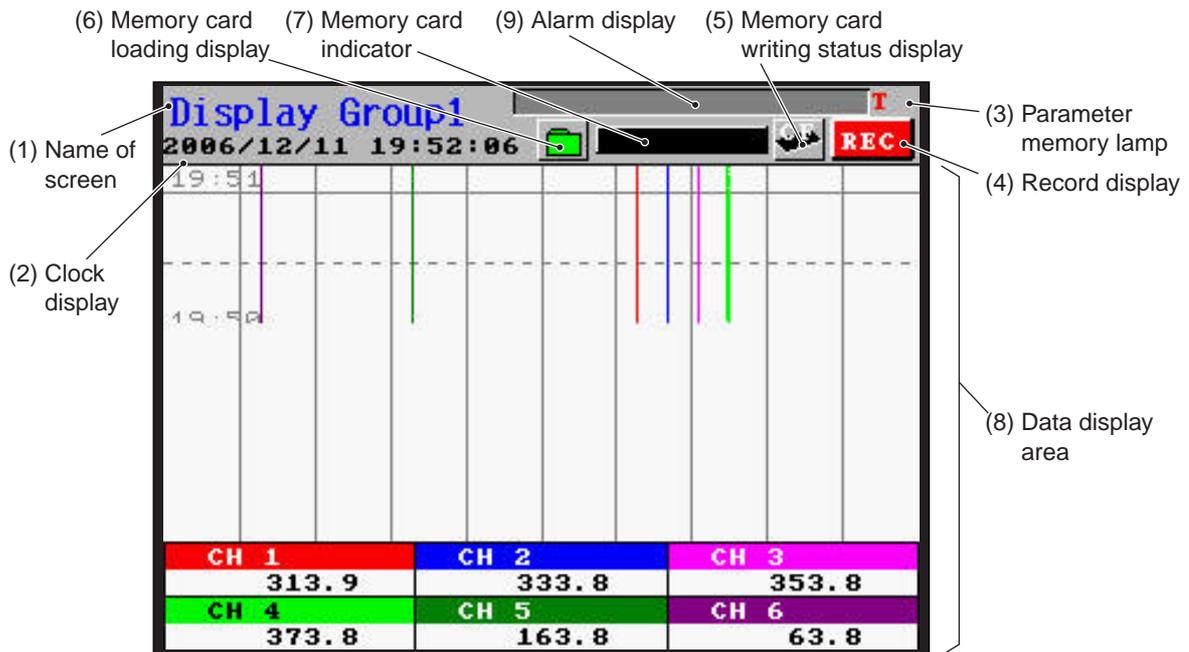
The loader cable should be connected to USB port of PC.

CAUTION

Be sure to display the data display screen (refer to Item 6.4) instead of the parameter setting screen before using the loader. Otherwise, the set value may not be written.

5. DISPLAY FUNCTION

5.1 Basic composition of Data Display screen



- (1) Name of screen
Displays the screen name ("Display Name") that was set arbitrarily.
- (2) Clock display
Displays date and time (Year/Month/date).
- (3) Parameter memory lamp
If the lamp blinks in red, it means that parameters are not saved to the flash memory. Save the set value by selecting "Menu" / "Parameter setting" / "Basic setting" / "Register data" and press the **ENT** key.
- (4) Record display
"REC" is lit when the measured data is being recorded. On the "Real Time Trend" screen, data will be displayed only when the recorder is in recording.
- (5) Memory card writing status display
It is lit when measured data is being written in a memory card.
- (6) Memory card loading display
It indicates the loading state of the memory card.
 - Blinks : shows the state where the memory card is not loaded in the slot.
 - Green display: shows the state where the memory card is loaded and can be pulled out.
 - Red display : shows the state where the memory card is loaded but must not be pulled out.
- (7) Memory card indicator
It indicates how much of the memory card has been used in graphs. At 90%, it turns red. At 100%, the recorder stops recording. Replace the memory card before it is used up.
- (8) Data display area
It displays measured data in real time trend, bar graph, digital display or event summary on the screen. (See Item 5.2 to 5.4.)

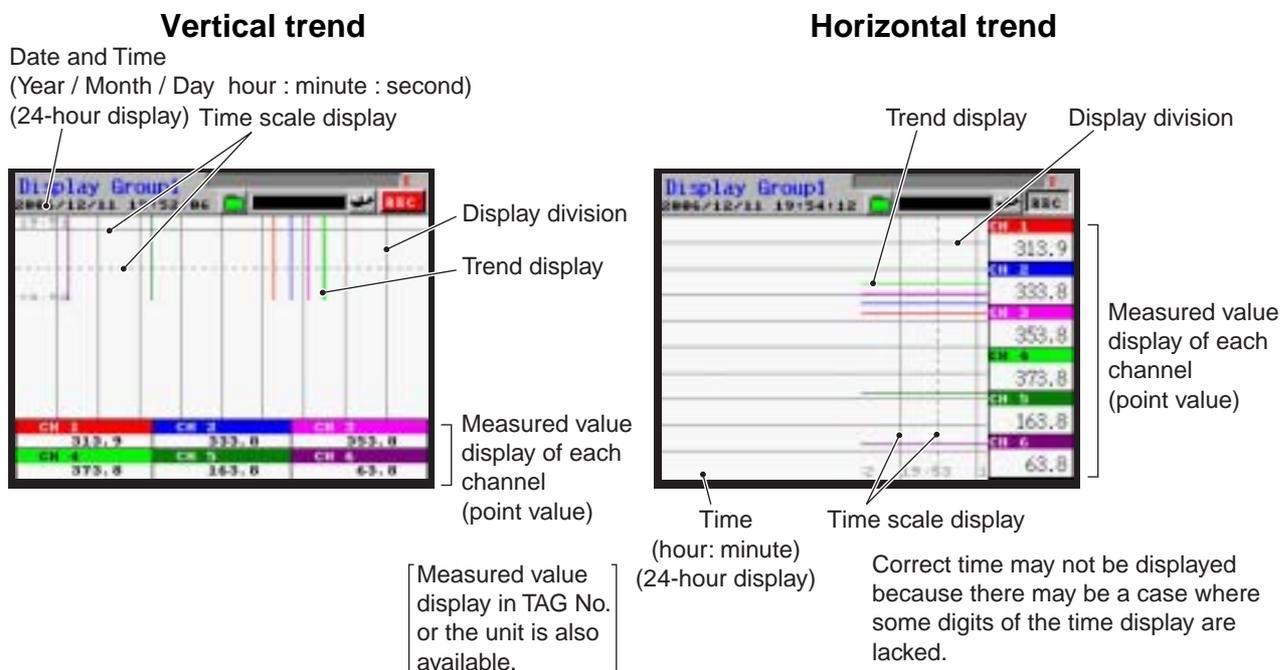
(9) Alarm display

It displays alarm information that occurs at present (channel No. and alarm No.).

If more than 1 alarm occurs, it displays one alarm after another in every 3 seconds.

5.2 Real time trend display of measured data

Measured data can be displayed in waveforms. The vertical or horizontal directions can be selected by setting.



※) The screens consist of those selected in “Menu” / “Parameter setting” / “Display setting”.

- (1) The display unit allows measured data to be displayed in waveforms only when recording. If the recorded values exceed the limits of 0 % and 100%, they will be displayed at 0% and 100% positions, respectively. If waveforms of more than 1 channel are displayed at the same position, the trend lines overlap each other. In this case, color of the channel with the largest number is given priority over those of other channels. (Example: In the case of ch2 and ch6, the color of ch6 is displayed.)
- (2) Display refresh cycles are selectable from parameters of 1 sec to 12 hours. Relations between the parameter and chart speed are shown in tables below. After the start of the recording, the initial refresh cycles will start at the time of 00: 00: 00 when the recording is continued.

(Example) When display refresh cycles are set to 1 minute, it will start at the next cycle of m hour: n minute: 0 second.

Display refresh cycle (sec)	1	2	3	5	10	20	30
Chart speed (mm/h) as converted	1296	648	432	260	130	65	43

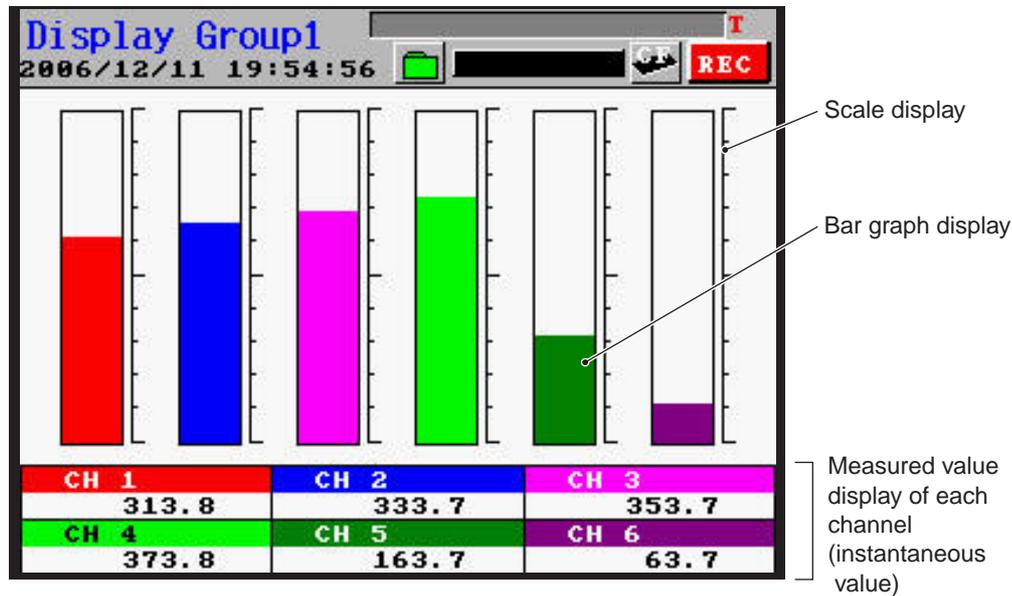
Display refresh cycle (min)	1	2	3	5	10	20	30
Chart speed (mm/h) as converted	22	11	7.2	4.3	2.2	1.1	0.7

Display refresh cycle (hour)	1	2	3	4	6	12
Chart speed (mm/h) as converted	0.36	0.18	0.12	0.09	0.06	0.03

-
- (3) The Historical Trend screen is displayed by pressing the down cursor key (▼) when the Real Time Trend is displayed. This screen allows currently recorded waveform data to be read from the memory card, tracing back to the past. To return to the Real Time Trend screen, press the (SEL) key.
 - (4) The recorder performs the recording by pressing (REC), and it displays waveforms without inserting the memory card into the slot. In this case, some 400 data can be displayed in historical trend. However, the data exceeding 400 items will be deleted. So, be sure to insert the memory card in the recorder slot before starting the recording.
 - (5) If the power is turned OFF while recorder is writing data to memory card, the data written in the memory card will be destroyed. Be sure to press the (REC) key to stop the recording, and then turn OFF the power.
 - (6) If the input signal is burnt out, or over/under range is displayed, the recording line is displayed at 0% or 100% position (at 100% position if the signal is burnt out). Note, however, the line is displayed at the position equivalent to 0.26V for 0-5V input with the input kept open, and at the position equivalent to 260mV for 0-500mV input with the input kept open.

5.3 Display of measured data in bar graphs

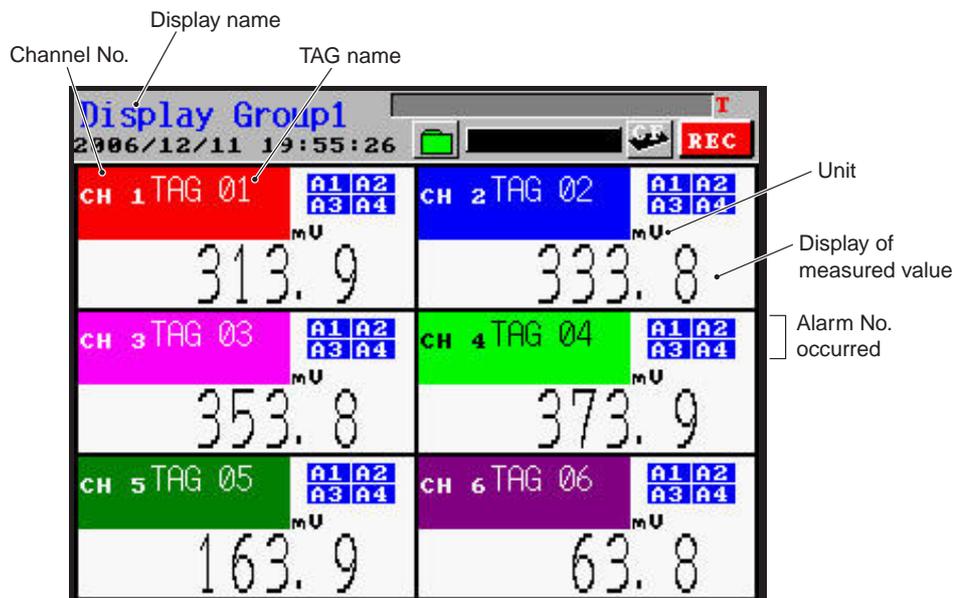
The measured data can be displayed in bar graphs.



- (1) Setting of display ranging from 0 to 100% is displayed in bar graphs.
- (2) Display refreshment cycles are fixed to 1 sec.
- (3) The recorder displays measured data even when it stops recording.

5.4 Digital display of measured data

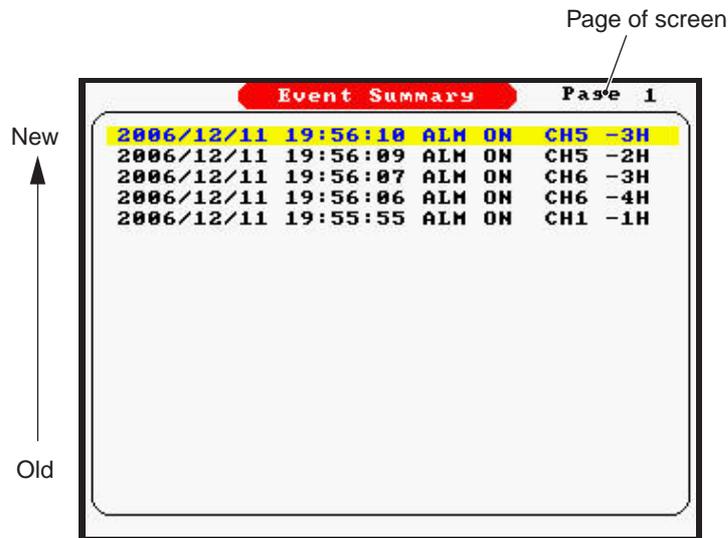
Measured data is displayed in numerical values.



- (1) Measured values of each channel are displayed in digital value.
- (2) Display refreshment cycles are fixed to 1 sec.
- (3) When an alarm occurs, Alarm No. at the channel is displayed in red.

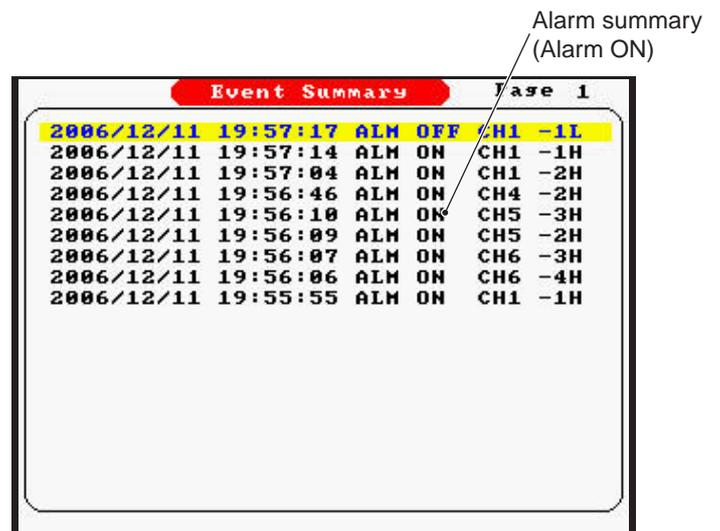
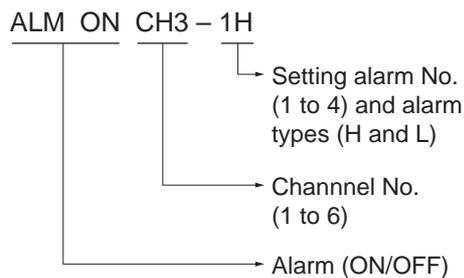
5.5 Event summary display

Alarm information history can be displayed.



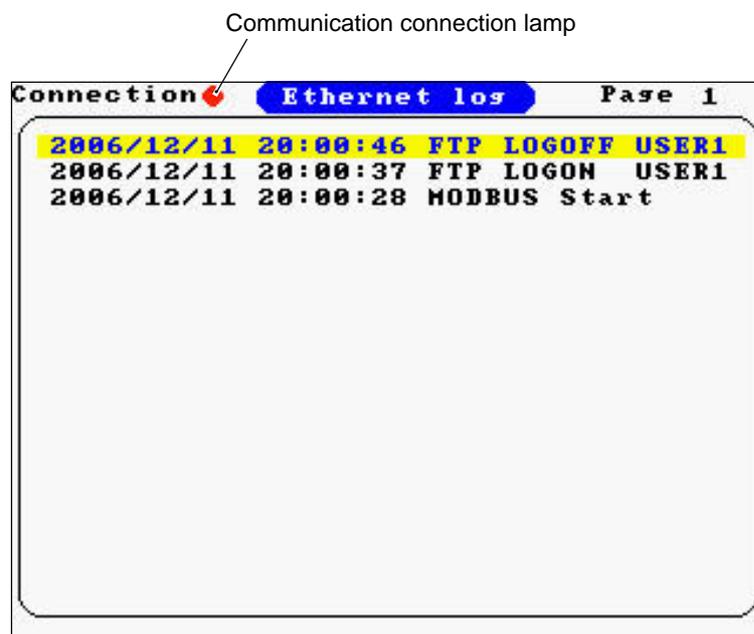
- (1) A maximum of 180 events can be displayed on the screen.
- (2) Page scrolling can be performed by pressing ◀ or ▶ key.
- (3) When events occur, they are displayed on the screen despite in the recording state. If the recorder is not in the recording state, events are not recorded in the memory card.
- (4) Once displayed, the event is kept displayed until the power is turned off (turning off the power clears the event buffer).
- (5) How to view the event summary is shown below.
- (6) When the battery for backup is empty, power off and power on are not displayed.

Example of alarm summary



5.6 Ethernet log display

The use information of FTP, Web, E-mail, and MODBUS TCP/IP functions can be displayed.



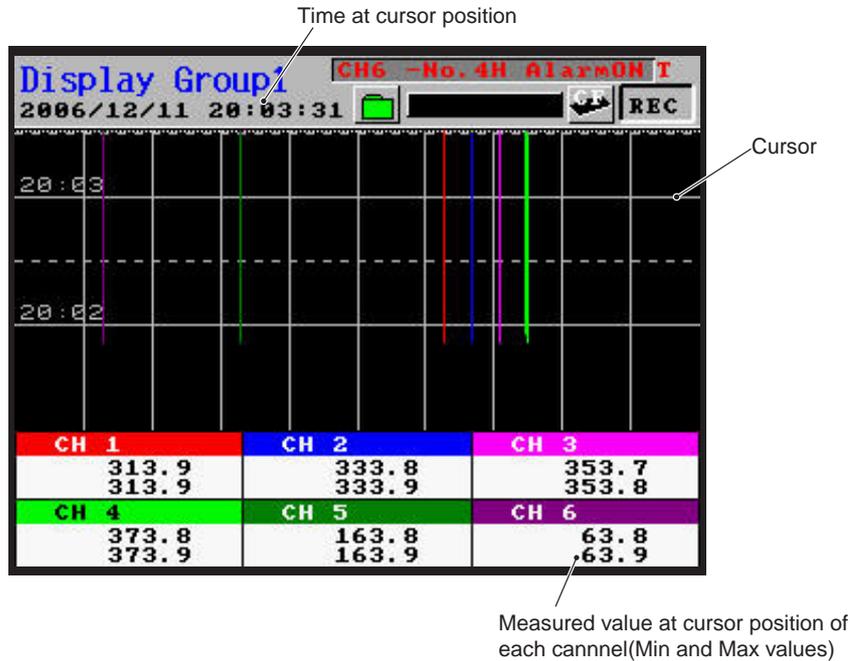
- (1) Up to 180 communication items can be displayed.
- (2) Pages can be turned using horizontal cursor key.
- (3) The log appears every time communication is carried out irrespective of the state of recording.
- (4) Once displayed, the contents of communication are kept displayed until the power is set to OFF.
(Communication buffer is cleared when the power is set to OFF.)
- (5) Details of the display are as follows.

Communication contents display

- E-mail transmission display (E-mail No. is E-mail trigger No.)
 - E-mail sent : "E-mail No.1"
 - E-mail send error : "E-mail No.1 NG"
- FTP communication display
 - FTP server log in : "FTP LOGON USER1"
 - FTP server log off : "FTP LOGOFF USER1"
- MODBUS TCP/IP communication display
 - Communication start : "MODBUS Start"
 - Communication stop : "MODBUS Stop"

5.7 Historical trend display

Pressing the ▼ key on the real time trend screen, and following screen as shown below is displayed. This screen indicates the history of currently recorded data.



- (1) It allows the data recorded in the memory card to be displayed. The display can be scrolled by using the cursor expressed in a white dotted line. The cursor can move vertically the (▲ or ▼) key or horizontally the (◀ or ▶) key. Depending on recording type, either average, point or Min. value or Max. value at the position of the cursor are displayed at the lower part of the screen.
- (2) Recording start/stop cannot be performed on the screen. To do this, switch the “Historical Trend” screen to “Real Time Trend” screen. However, this “Historical Trend” screen cannot be shifted to the “Parameter Set” screen. To shift the “Real Time Trend” screen, be sure to press the (SEL) key.
- (3) The data that can be displayed on the historical trend screen is the one currently recorded or the data held immediately before the recording is stopped. The data that was recorded in the past and whose recording was then stopped must be displayed on the “record data display” screen (refer to Item 9.1), or reproduced on the PC using the data viewer.

The following items are displayed on the historical trend screen based not on the setting of the past recording but on the currently selected values.

- Trend direction
- Number of screen partition
- Trend scale display
- Color bar display selection

-
- (4) Press the **(DISP)** key while the historical trend screen is displayed, and following “Display time setting” screen appears.



Enter the time of currently recorded data you want to display and press the **(ENT)** key. Then, PHF displays historical trend data at entered day and time. To display past data, entered day and time appears the bottom of the historical screen. To display farther data, entered day and time appears the top of this screen.

5.8 Display on the occurrence of main unit failure

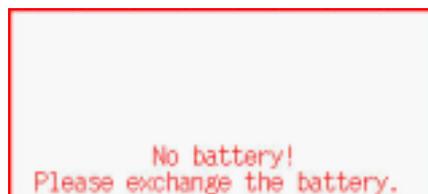
- (1) Display at CF card memory FULL

If the memory of the CF card becomes full, recording is stopped with the following message displayed on the trend screen, etc. (totalizing is not suspended). Immediately replace the CF card.



- (2) Display at the end of battery life

If the battery voltage becomes low, the following message appears on the trend screen, etc. Immediately stop the recording, and ask your distributor for repair.



5.9 Cautions about power ON/OFF

(1) Recording state and record file

If the power is turned OFF when the recorder is in the recording, data written in the memory card may be damaged. Be sure to stop recording by pressing **(REC)** key, and then turn OFF the power. In addition, if the power is OFF with the recorder in the recording, the recorder will start recording when the power is turned ON again. In this case, data will be recorded as a new file.

(2) Recording set values

After parameters have been set, register the set values by selecting “Basic settng” → “Register data”, or they will return to the former values when power is turned OFF.

(3) Clock function

The clock is backed up by an internal lithium battery. The battery life is expected to be about 10 years at normal temperature. Although there is no need to set the clock when the power is turned ON, an error may occur every time the power is turned ON/OFF (about 1 sec per ON/OFF operation).

(4) If the power is turned off due to a power failure and turned on again while recording is in progress, a message “Power & Rec.ON.” appears at the top of the event file and event display.

6. OPERATION AND ACTIONS

6.1 Before running the recorder

Check the following points before starting operation.

Loading the memory card _____

(1) Inserting and removing the memory card..... See Item 2.2.



Wiring _____

(1) Input terminals..... See Item 4.2.
(2) Alarm terminals (option)..... See Item 4.2.
(3) Power and ground terminals..... See Item 4.2.



Conformity of input connection to recording channel _____

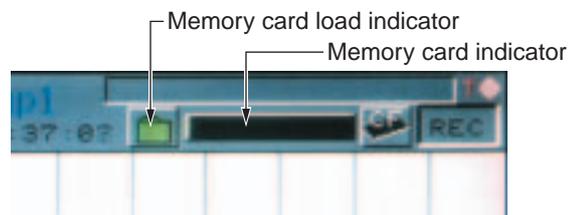
(1) Channel settings..... See Item 8.2.

6.2 Power ON and state

- (1) Open the panel unit. Turn “ON” the power switch at the upper center of the panel unit.
- (2) After power ON, the self-check function starts up.



- (3) Insert the memory card. Check if the unit is fixed in the slot, as viewing the memory card load indicator. When you insert CF card to recorder, see the “Memory card load indicator” and check the status of CF card (refer to Item 6.1). If indicator blinks in red, remove the CF card and then insert again. After this operation, if it keeps on blinking in red, it might be broken.



- (4) Measured data are displayed for each channel.

CH 1	CH 2	CH 3	Measured data for each channel
313.9	333.8	353.7	
CH 4	CH 5	CH 6	
373.8	163.8	63.8	

* TAG. No. or the unit display is also available according to screen configuration setting.

TAG 01	TAG 02	TAG 03
313.8	333.7	353.7
TAG 04	TAG 05	TAG 06
373.7	163.7	63.7

mU	mU	mU
313.8	333.8	353.7
mU	mU	mU
373.8	163.8	63.8

6.3 Stopping and starting the recording operation

(1) Recording start

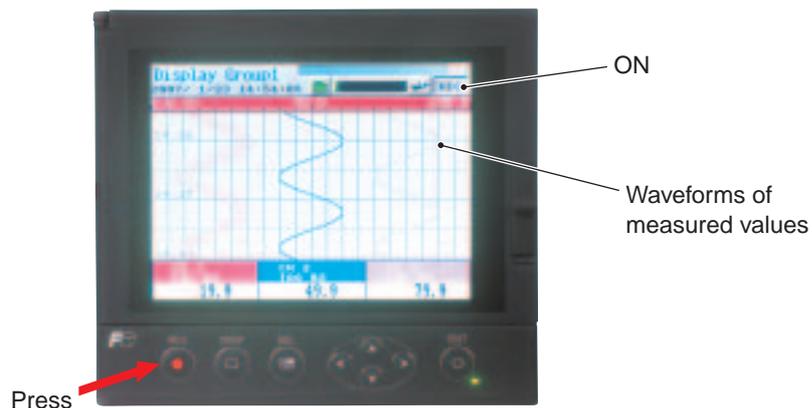
- 1) To start the recording, press the **REC** key, and password input screen appears. If password has not been set, this screen doesn't appear. Recording password setting parameter, "Record Password" is as shown below.

Menu / Parameter setting / Config and rec password set See Item 8.8 for detail.



Input correct password, then the **REC** lamp is lighted and measured values are displayed in waveforms on the data display unit. Also, it starts saving the measured values to the memory card.

* Recording is performed at the timing described in "Appendix 4 Timing for recording."

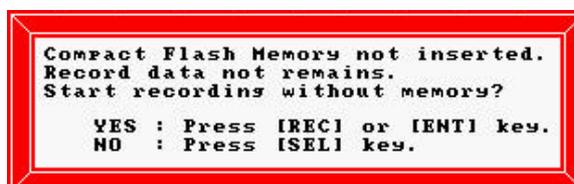


- 2) When Record password has been established, the following password screen appears. Enter the password. If the entered password is correct, the recording is started.



- 3) If the CF card is not inserted, the following message appears. Press the **REC** key to start recording. Press the **SEL** key if you do not want to start recording.

Note: If recording is attempted with CF card not inserted, the result cannot be recorded.

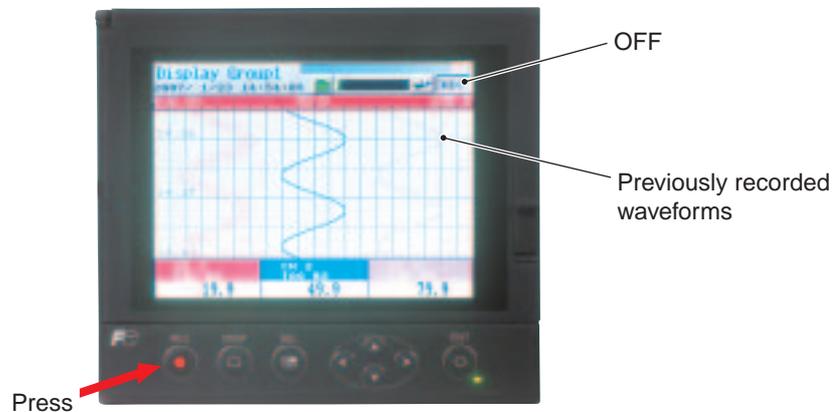


(2) Recording stop

- 1) To stop recording, press the **REC** key. The following message appears. To stop the recording, press the **REC** key, and press the **SEL** key to continue recording.



- 2) After the stop of the recording, the **REC** lamp comes off. The trend display on the data display unit stops. In this case, even if there is some data that are not yet written in the memory card, the unit writes them in the card until the recording is finished.



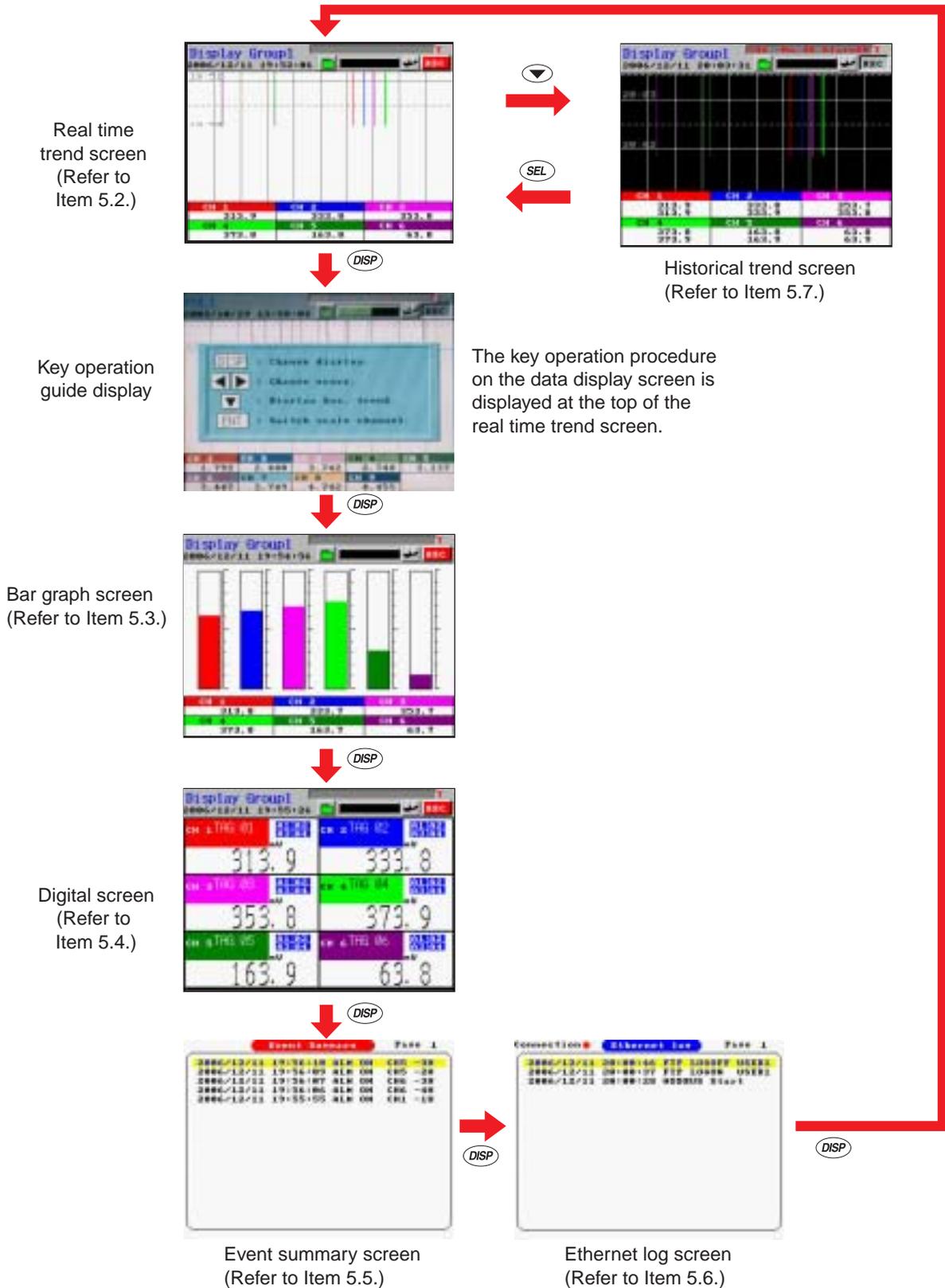
- 3) When Record password has been established, the following password screen appears. Enter the password. If the entered password is correct, the recording stop confirmation screen appears.



6.4 Switching data display screens

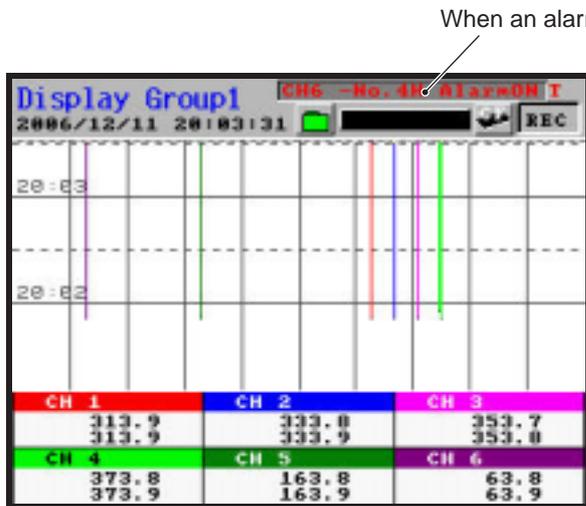
Data display screens include real time trend screen, bar graph screen and digital screen. Every time the **(DISP)** key is pressed, the screen switches to another one. To display the historical trend screen, press the **(▼)** key in the real time trend screen.

The structure of the data display screen is as follows.

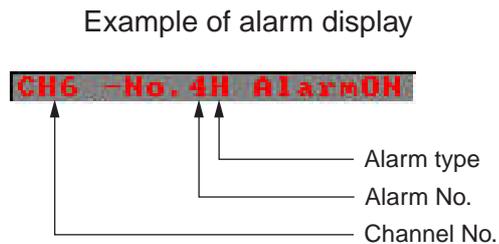


6.5 Display of alarm

(1) Alarms that occurred on the Trend Display, Bar Graph and Digital Display screens:

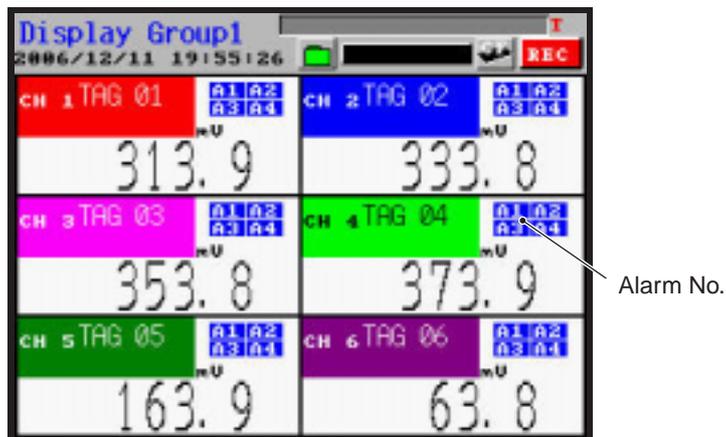


(The display is kept on until the alarm is reset.)



It is indicated that an alarm of alarm No.4 and alarm type H occur at channel 6.

Note) If an alarm occurs on the “Digital Display” screen, Alarm No. at upper right of “Measured value display” is lighted in red.



* If an alarm occurs against the current input, the alarm contents (and not the past alarm record) are displayed on the historical screen and the record data display screen of the memory card.

7. SETTING AND CHECKING PARAMETERS

7.1 Setting and checking

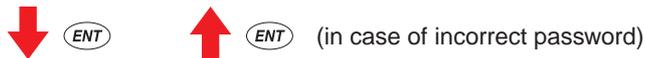
Follow the description of Item 7.2 “Outline of parameter setting procedure” to enter into each screen, and then follow the description of Item 7.3 “Basic operation of setting screens” to make parameter setting.

- (1) Parameters are factory-set as given in Item 7.1 table(1). Turning on power as they are initiates operation (indication and recording). Change the parameter setting as required.
- (2) Recording range consists of multi-ranges. Set the range as desired.
Not that the same input type should be set for ch4 and ch5.
- (3) Alarms, TAG No. and messages are not set. Set them as needed. An input filter is set at 3 seconds.
- (4) Press the **(SEL)** key in the real time trend display screen to display the “Menu” screen. Refer to Item 7.2 for the contents and the operation of the “Menu” screen.

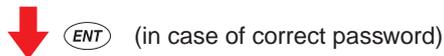


- (5) To go to “Parameter setting” screen, “CF manager” screen or “Calibration password” screen, you must enter 4-digit password when you have already entered each password.

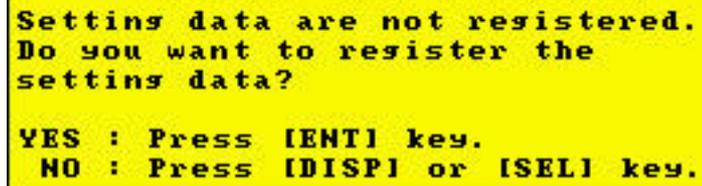
Example: Parameter setting screen



◀, ▶ keys : To move the cursor
 ▲, ▼ keys : To change numerical value



Note) After setting the parameters, select “Basic setting” / “Register data” in order to save the set information to a flash memory. To reset parameter set values, press **(DISP)** key. So, the following message appears. Press the **(ENT)** key twice.
The parameter has been reset.

A screenshot of a device display with a yellow background and black text. The text reads: "Setting data are not registered. Do you want to register the setting data?" followed by two options: "YES : Press [ENT] key." and "NO : Press [DISP] or [SEL] key."

```
Setting data are not registered.  
Do you want to register the  
setting data?  
  
YES : Press [ENT] key.  
NO : Press [DISP] or [SEL] key.
```

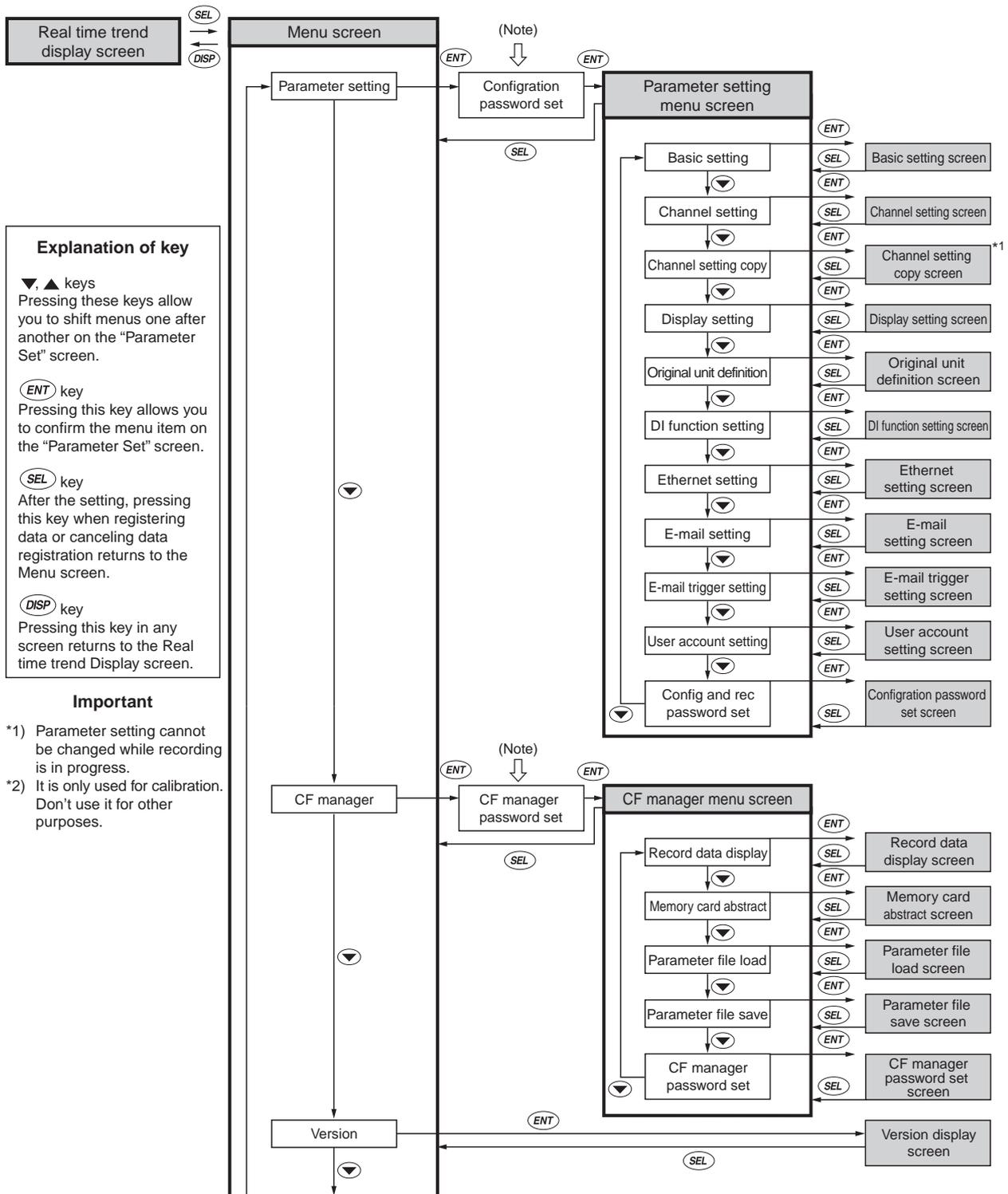
Table (1) Parameters as set by factory (initial values) (1/2)

Parameter name	Setting at delivery (Default value)	Setting range	Remarks	
Basic setting	Display refresh cycle : 1 second	1 second to 12 hours	*1 LCD keeps turning on when set "0".	
	Alarm hysteresis : 0.2%	From 0.00 to 100.00%		
	Alarm latch : OFF	OFF, ON		
	LCD lights out time : 0 *1	0 to 60 minutes		
	DO output at memory FULL: None	None, DO1 to DO10		
	DO output at battery END: None	None, DO1 to DO10		
	File division cycle : No division	No division, 1 hour, 1 day, 1 week, 1 month		
	Date format : yyyy/mm/dd	yyyy/mm/dd, dd/mm/yyyy, dd-mmm-yy, mm/dd/yyyy, mmm-dd-yy		
	MODBUS station No. : 1	0 to 255		
	Front communication : ON	OFF, ON		
	Record data format : ASCII	ASCII, Binary		
	Time setting : —	—		
Register data :	—			
Channel setting	Input type: K-Type TC (K thermocouple)	Skip, K, E, J, T, R, S, B, N, W, L, U, PN thermocouple, Pt100, JPt100, Ni100, Cu50, Pt50, 50mV, 500mV, 1-5V and 0-5V range	Select an input type from the same group for channels 4 and 5.	
	TAG1: TAG ** (**: channel No.)	Up to 8 characters		
	TAG2 : Blank	Up to 8 characters		
	Unit : °C	°C, °F, Engineering unit in case of voltage input		
	Input range (range start/end): 0 to 1200	Engineering value		
	Decimal point position : ****.*			
	Input filter : 3 seconds	0 to 900 seconds (In increments of 1 second)		
	Subtraction channel : None	0 to 6 (No subtraction at 0)		
	PV shift : 0.0	Engineering value -3276.7 to 3276.7		
	PV gain : 100%	0.00 to 327.67%		
	Recording type: Maximum/minimum value recording	Instantaneous value recording, average value recording, maximum/minimum value recording		
	Recording mode : With record	With record/Display only		
	Alarm setting			
	Alarm No. 1 type : OFF	OFF, H, L		
	Set point : 0.0°C	Engineering value		
	DO relay No. : None	DO1 to DO10		
	From alarm No. 2 to No. 4 There are the same items above.			
Display setting	Display configuration: No. 1 to 6 = ch1 to 6	No.1 to 6, Each provided with ch1 to 6		
Original unit definition	Unit : Blank	Up to 7 characters		
DI setting	DI function: Function invalid	Function invalid, Rec start/Rec stop, LCD ON		
Ethernet setting	IP address : 0.0.0.0	0 to 255		
	Subnet mask : 0.0.0.0	0 to 255		
	Default gateway : 0.0.0.0	0 to 255		
	FTP server function : OFF	OFF, ON		
	FTP access control : OFF	OFF, ON		
	Web server function : OFF	OFF, ON		
	E-mail function : OFF	OFF, ON		
MODBUS TCP/IP : OFF	OFF, ON			
E-mail setting	SMTP IP address : 0.0.0.0	0 to 255		
	Sender's mail Add : Blank	Up to 64 characters		
	Name : Blank	Up to 32 characters		
	Receiver's mail Add1 to Add8 : Blank	Up to 64 characters		

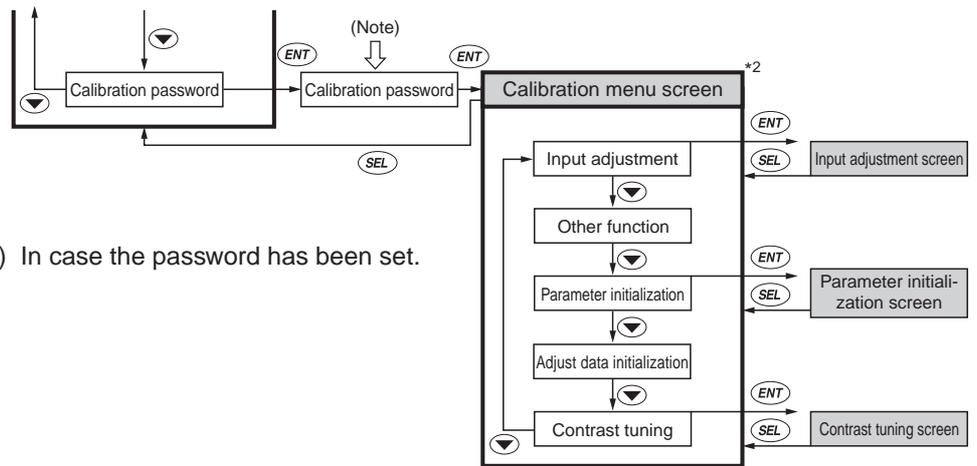
Table (1) Parameters as set by factory (initial values) (2/2)

Parameter name	Setting at delivery (Default value)	Setting range	Remarks
E-mail trigger setting	Trigger timing : None	None, DI ON, DI OFF, Alarm ON, Alarm OFF, Warning, Timer cycle	
	Alarm Channel : 1	Channel 1 to 6	
	Alarm No. : 1	1 to 4	
	Title : Blank	Up to 32 characters	
	Text1, 2 : Blank	Up to 32 characters	
	PV value affixation : OFF	OFF, ON	
	Receiver's add No. : 1	1 to 8	
	Mail send test :		
User account setting	User name : Blank	Up to 16 characters	
	Password : Blank	Up to 8 characters	
	User Level : administrator	Administrator, guest	
Config and record password	Password : 0000	0000 to 9999	
	Record Password : 0000	0000 to 9999	

7.2 Outline of parameter setting procedure



(Note) In case the password has been set.

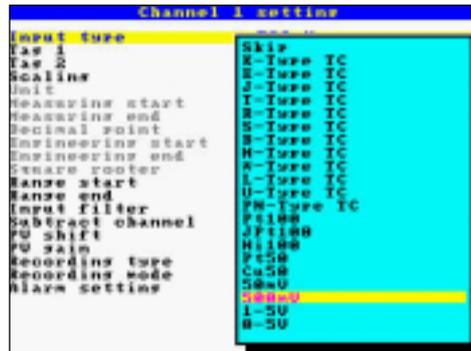


(Note) In case the password has been set.

7.3 Basic operation of setting screens

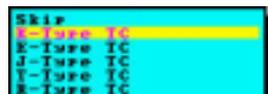
The basic operation of the setting screens is classified in the following 3 methods. In this case, use the up and down keys (▲ and ▼) to move setting items.

(1) Items to be selected with the ▲ or the ▼ key



Pressing the ▲ or the ▼ key switches the blinking between items.

Example: To change the input type from K-Type TC (K thermocouple) to E-Type TC (E thermocouple)



Press the ▼ key once.



(2) To make the setting by entering numeric values

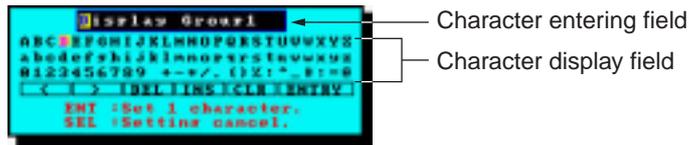


Select a numerical value using the ▲, ▼, ◀ or the ▶ key and then press the (ENT) key to confirm the entry.

Example: To select 10°C as the lowest temperature of the setting range



(3) To make the setting by entering characters

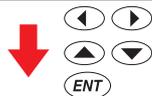
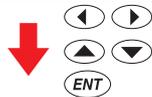


Select a position in the character entering field you want to enter a character by pressing the ◀ or the ▶ key, and then press the (ENT) key.

Select a character in the character display field by pressing the ◀, ▶, ▲ or the ▼ key. The selected character blinks. Then press the (ENT) key.

After entering characters in the character entering field, press the (SEL) key to confirm the entry.

Example: To enter PHF for group screen name



(Move the cursor to "ENTRY" and then press the [ENT] key.)



8. SETTING PARAMETERS

8.1 Basic setting

[Explanation]

Follow the procedure shown below to make basic settings (including display refresh cycle, LCD lights out time, MODBUS, and current time) of the recorder main unit.

[Operation]

Move the cursor to “Parameter setting” on the Menu screen and press the **(ENT)** key, the parameter setting screen appears. If the password has been set, enter the password.

Move the cursor to “Basic setting” and press the **(ENT)** key, the basic setting screen appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic settings' menu with the following items and their descriptions:

Setting	Description
Refreshment cycle : 1sec	Display refresh cycle setting
Alarm hysteresis : 0.20%	Alarm hysteresis setting
Alarm latch : OFF	Alarm latch setting
LCD lights-out time : 0min	LCD lights out time setting
Memory full alarm : None	DO setting at the time of memory FULL
Battery alarm : None	DO setting at the time of battery END
File division cycle : No division	File division cycle
Date format : 2006/12/11	Date display format setting
MODBUS Station NO. : 1	MODBUS communication station No. setting
Front communication : ON	MODBUS front communication setting
Record data format : Ascii	Record data format setting
Time settings : 2006/12/11 18:56	Current time setting
Register data : Hit [ENT] key	Register of data

(1) To set display refresh cycle

Move the cursor to “Refreshment cycle” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the cycle time screen shown below appears.

(Cycle time: 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30 seconds, 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30 minutes, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 12 hours)



Relationship between “Refresh cycle” and “Chart speed” (on screen) is given below.

Refresh cycle	1 sec	2 sec	3 sec	5 sec	10 sec	20 sec	30 sec
Chart speed (as converted)	1296mm/h	648mm/h	432mm/h	260mm/h	130mm/h	65mm/h	43mm/h

Refresh cycle	1 min	2 min	3 min	5 min	10 min	20 min	30 min
Chart speed (as converted)	22mm/h	11mm/h	7.2mm/h	4.3mm/h	2.2mm/h	1.1mm/h	0.7mm/h

Refresh cycle	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	12 hours
Chart speed (as converted)	0.36mm/h	0.18mm/h	0.12mm/h	0.09mm/h	0.06mm/h	0.03mm/h

The first time of the display update is started from 00:00:00 of the following without fail.

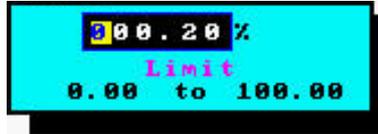
(Example)

When refresh cycle is set to 1 min, the next cycle begins at hh : mm : 0 (sec).

Note) If the refresh cycle time is short and a large number of recording files exist, the recording at every refresh cycles may be skipped. Recording files should be limited to 100 or less.

(2) To set the alarm output hysteresis width

Move the cursor to “Alarm hysteresis” and press the (ENT) key. The alarm hysteresis screen appears (as shown below). Enter hysteresis width (0 to 100%) by the cursor key and then press the (ENT) key for confirmation. It is applicable to all types of alarms. The numeric value is expressed as a percentage of the display range for each channel.



(3) To set alarm latch

Move the cursor to “Alarm latch” and press the (ENT) key, then the alarm latch setting screen appears. Make the setting using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key.

Alarm latch function keeps alarm output turning on even after the cause of the alarm has been removed. To cancel the alarm latch, select it to OFF. Alarm cancel is recorded in the event summary in this case.

(4) To enter LCD lights out time

Move the cursor to “LCD-lights out time” and press the (ENT) key, then the LCD lights out time setting screen appears.

Make the setting (0 to 60 minutes) using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key.

The LCD is kept on at all times by entering 0 minute.

* Press any key to turn on the LCD.



(5) To make DO setting at the time of memory FULL

Move the cursor to “Memory full alarm” and press the (ENT) key, then the DO output setting screen appears. Select desired DO output No. using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key.

DO output works when memory FULL is detected. Select “None” not to use this function.

Note) “Memory full alarm” is turned on when the remaining memory reaches 0%. This value cannot be set.

Note) When memory card is removed, DO output turns off. But the message of memory card full does not appear. Press the (DISP) or (SEL) key, it appears.



(6) To make DO setting at the time of battery END

Move the cursor to “Battery alarm” and press the **ENT** key, then the DO output setting screen appears.

Select desired DO output No. using the cursor key and press the **ENT** key.

DO output functions when the battery END is detected. Select “None” not to use the function.

When battery END is detected, a message is displayed on the trend screen.

(7) Setting the file division cycle

Move the cursor to “File division cycle” and then press the **ENT** key to display the File division cycle setting screen.

If “No division” is selected, the archived file is not divided automatically.

If “1 hour,” “1 day” or “1 week” is selected, the archived file is divided hourly, daily or weekly from the start of recording.

If “1 month” is selected, the archived file is divided at 0:00 on the first day of every month.

Note 1) If the “File division cycle” setting is shorter than the “Refreshment cycle” setting, the archived file without data is created.

Note 2) If “1 hour,” “1 day” or “1 week” is selected as the file division cycle, the number of data of the first file is one larger than that of the second and the subsequent files.

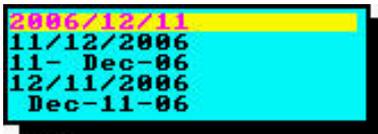


(8) Date display format setting

The display format of dates that appear on the data display screen can be selected.

On the Basic setting screen, move the cursor to “Date format” and then press the **ENT** key, and the display format select screen appears.

Move the cursor to the display format to be selected, and then press the **ENT** key.



(9) To select a station No. for MODBUS communication

Move the cursor to “MODBUS station No.” and press the **ENT** key, then the station No. setting screen appears.

Select desired MODBUS TCP/IP station No. (0 to 255) using the cursor key and press the **ENT** key. When set 0 to this parameter, communication does not work.



(10) To select front communication setting (for loader)

Move the cursor to “Front communication” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the front communication setting screen appears.

Select “ON” when this recorder is connected to a loader cable.

(11) To set record data format

Move the cursor to “Record data format” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the data format setting screen appears.



Select either ASCII or Binary as data recording format.

Each format has the following characteristics.

ASCII format

- Allows the recorded data to be opened directly on Excel or using text editor.
- The number of data that can be recorded is relatively small (approximately 1/4 of those recorded in binary format)

Binary format

- The recorded data cannot be opened directly on Excel or using text editor.
The recorded data can be opened using the attached data viewer software, and then by converting it to CSV file, it can be opened on Excel or the using text editor.
- The number of data that can be recorded is relatively large (approximately 4 times of those recorded in ASCII format).

(12) To select time

Move the cursor to “Time setting” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the time setting screen appears.

Select desired time, year, month, hour and minute, using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key.



Reference 1: The clock is set to the current time of Japan Standard Time by the factory at shipment.

Since it is backed-up by a lithium-ion battery, it is always running with power interruption or power OFF. The lithium battery has a service life of about 10 years at normal temperature of 25°C.

Reference 2: The time scale is divided into 24 hours. The range is set from 00: 00 to 23: 59.

Reference 3: A “second” is not settable. But, the inside of the clock is treated as follows. After setting the “minute”, press the **(ENT)** key at the “Adjust” position. Then, the clock runs with the second counter set to 0.

(13) Registering method of set values (saving to flash memory)

Move the cursor to “Register data” and press the **ENT** key, PHF registers the set value to the flash memory.

Note 1) When the parameter memory lamp blinks in red, it indicates that set parameters are not registered to the flash memory. Operate in accordance with above (11) to register to flash memory.

Note 2) After parameters have been set, operate in accordance with above (11). Otherwise, the set values returns to original values when turning OFF power.

8.2 Channel settings

[Explanation]

Follow the procedure shown below to select input type, unit, scaling, input filter (time constant), PV shift, PV gain, subtraction, TAG No., recording type, recording mode, and alarm setting for each channel.

[Operation]

Move the cursor to “Parameter setting” on the Menu screen and press the **(ENT)** key. If the password has been set, enter the password, and the parameter setting screen appears.

Move the cursor to “Channel setting” and press the **(ENT)** key, then channel setting screen appears.

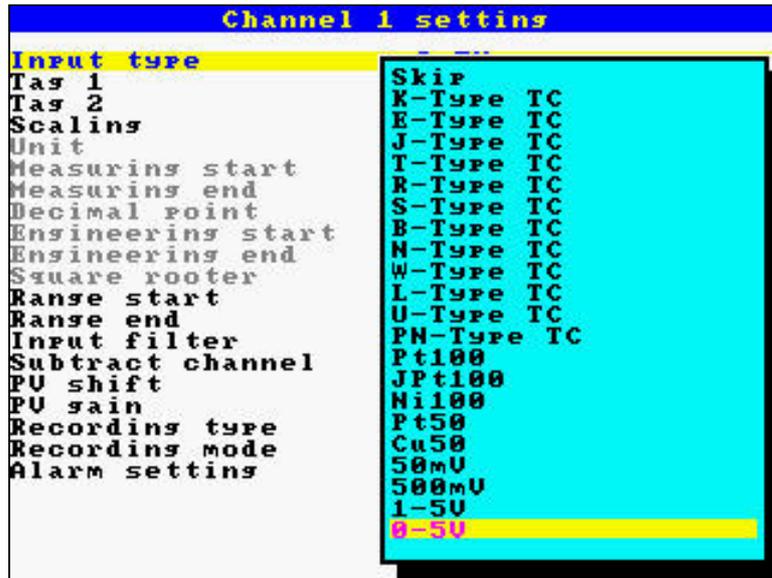
On this screen, select desired channel number and press the **(ENT)** key. Following screen appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Channel 1 settings' screen with the following settings and descriptions:

Setting	Value	Description
Input type	0-5U	Input type setting
Tag 1	TAG 01	TAG No. setting
Tag 2	:	
Scaling	OFF	Scaling setting
Unit	U	Unit setting
Measuring start	0.000V	Measurement range setting
Measuring end	5.000V	
Decimal point	***.***	Decimal point position setting
Engineering start	0.000V	Engineering value setting
Engineering end	5.000V	
Square rooter	OFF	Square root calculation setting
Range start	0.000V	Display range setting
Range end	5.000V	
Input filter	3sec	Input filter setting
Subtract channel	None	Subtraction channel setting
PV shift	0.000V	PV shift value setting
PV gain	100.00%	PV gain setting
Recording type	Min-Max rec.	Recording type setting
Recording mode	With record	Recording mode setting
Alarm settings	>>>> Hit IENT1 key	Alarm setting

(1) To set input type

Move the cursor to “Input type” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the following input type selection screen appears. Select any input signal by using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key. If you don’t want to perform “indication”, “recording”, and “alarm” operation, select “Skip”.



Note 1) When the “Input type” is set to “Skip”, indication, recording and alarm for the channel are not carried out.

Note 2) After the change of the “Input type”, wait for a while until the measured value stabilizes.

Note 3) When the recorder is in recording, the “Input type” cannot be changed.

Note) About input type setting

An arbitrary input type can be set for channels 1, 2, 3, and 6.

An input type can be selected from the same input group for channels 4 and 5.

If “Skip” has been selected for channel 4, arbitrary input type can be selected for channel 5.

The following input types are available.

Input type	Details
Thermocouple, 50mV	K, E, J, T, R, S, B, N, W, L, U, and PN thermocouples, 50mV
Resistance bulb	Pt100, JPt100, Ni100, Pt50, Cu50
500mV	500mV
5V	1 to 5V, 0 to 5V



The sample of input type setting

	Input type	Input type category	Description
Channel 1	K thermocouple	Thermocouple, 50mV	An arbitrary input type can be set for channels 1 to 3.
Channel 2	T thermocouple		
Channel 3	1 to 5V	5V	An input type can be selected from the same input group for channels 4 and 5.
Channel 4	0 to 5V	5V	
Channel 5	1 to 5V		
Channel 6	JPt100	Resistance bulb	An arbitrary input type can be set for channel 6.

(2) To set TAG 1 and TAG 2

- TAG 1

Move the cursor to “Tag 1” and press the (ENT) key, then “TAG Setting” screen appears as shown below. Enter the TAG name by using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key for confirmation. After entry of the TAG name, press the (SEL) key to register the data.



Up to 8 characters can be entered. Note, however, that on some screens such as trend screen, only 7 characters can be displayed.

- TAG 2

Tag 2 is displayed on the screen for 4 channels.

To display at the TAG display area on trend display screen is selectable by parameter, “Channel index”.

Regarding to setting method, refer to 8.4 (6), “To select channel index”.

(3) To set scaling

With DC voltage input, set scaling “ON” “OFF” with the cursor key.

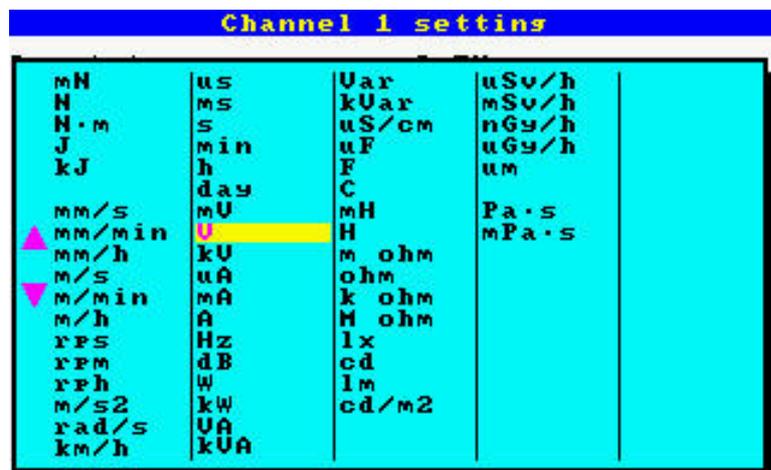
Note) When scaling is set to “ON”, the recording range is zero-cleared. For details, refer to Item 8.2 (9) “To set display range”.

(4) To set units

Units can only be set when the scaling is set to “ON”.

Move the cursor to “Unit” and press the **(ENT)** key, then “Unit menu” screen (below) appears. Select any unit on the screen by using the cursor key, and press the **(ENT)** key.

Unit select screen varies depending on the input type. (The following figure is the case of DC voltage input.)



Unit code

Temperature · humidity	Flow rate				Pressure		Level- Height	Capacity · Weight · Area	
	t/d	t/h	t/min	t/s	mbar	mPa		ml	mm ²
°C	kg/d	kg/h	kg/min	kg/s	bar	Pa	cm	l	cm ²
°F	g/d	g/h	g/min	g/s	N/mm ²	kPa	m	kl	m ²
%RH	m ³ /d	m ³ /h	m ³ /min	m ³ /s	N/m ²	MPa		mm ³	g
	l/d	l/h	l/min	l/s				cm ³	kg
								m ³	t

Density		Analysis			Power · Acceleration		Time	Electro- magnetism	
g/cm ³	g/l	ppm	ppmNOx	%CO ₂	mN				mm/s
kg/cm ³	kg/l	ppmNH ₃	ppb	%He	N	mm/min	rpm	ms	V
g/m ³	g/ml	ppmSO ₂	pH	%Ar	N · m	mm/h	rph	s	kV
kg/m ³		ppmH ₂ S	mol	%O ₂	J	m/s	m/s ²	min	μA
		ppmCO	%	%NaCl	kJ	m/min	rad/s	h	mA
		ppmO ₂	%H ₂	%CO		m/h	km/h	day	A

Electromagnetism			Heat · Light	Radiation	Other	Customer-made (Note 2)	
Hz	Var	mH	lx	μSv/h	Pa · s	(Unit 1)	(Unit 7)
dB	kVar	H	cd	mSv/h	mPa · s	(Unit 2)	(Unit 8)
W	μS/cm	m ohm	lm	nGy/h		(Unit 3)	(Unit 9)
kW	μF	ohm	cd/m ²	μGy/h		(Unit 4)	(Unit 10)
VA	F	k ohm		μm		(Unit 5)	(Unit 11)
kVA	C	M ohm				(Unit 6)	(Unit 12)

Note 1) Blank consists of some spaces

Note 2) Units can be made by the customer (See Item 8.5).

(5) To enter the measuring range

The measuring range can be set only when the scaling is set to ON at voltage input type.

To display the measuring range setting screen, move the each cursor to “Measuring start” or “Measuring end” and press the (ENT) key. Enter the measuring range by using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key for confirmation.

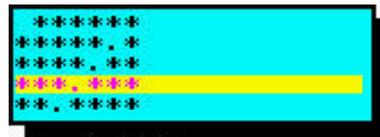
“Measuring start” means low limit, while “Measuring end” means high limit.



(6) To set the decimal point position

Decimal point position can be set only when scaling is set to ON at voltage input type.

Move the cursor to “Decimal point” and press the (ENT) key, then the following decimal point position setting screen appears. Select desired decimal point position using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key for confirmation.



(7) To enter the engineering unit

The engineering unit can be set only when the scaling is set to ON at voltage input type.

To display the engineering unit setting screen, move the cursor to “Engineering start” or “Engineering end” and press the (ENT) key. By using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key for confirmation.

“Engineering start” means lower limit, “Engineering end” means upper limit.



(8) To enter square rooter (rooter)

Square rooter “ON” and “OFF” can be set by using the cursor key in the case of DC voltage input.

Description of square rooter

The measuring range is set to 0 to 100%. For example, in case of DC1 to 5V input, 1V is 0% and 5V is 100%, and square rooter is performed against this percentage value. Refer to example below.

If the input value converted to percentage is minus, the result of square rooter should be 0%.

The data after the square rooter (0 to 100%) is converted to industrial value with the obtained data regarded as 0 to 100% of the engineering unit.

Example: In the case of the following input setting, the readings for the input values are as follows:

Input type: 1 to 5V
Measuring range: 1 to 5V
Industrial value: 0 to 1000 (t/h)

	Reading
When input is 1V (0%)	$(1000-0) \times \sqrt{0} = 0$ (t/h)
When input is 3V (50%)	$(1000-0) \times \sqrt{0.5} = 707$ (t/h)
When input is 5V (100%)	$(1000-0) \times \sqrt{1} = 1000$ (t/h)
When input is 0.6V (-10%)	$(1000-0) \times \sqrt{-0.1} \rightarrow 0$ (t/h)

(9) To set display range

Move the each cursor to “Range start” or “Range end” and press the **(ENT)** key, then, the “Range setting” screen appears as shown below. Enter the range by the cursor key, and press the **(ENT)** key for confirmation.

For the setting range, refer to Table 1, “Display Range Set Range”.

<In case of input type is thermocouple or Pt>

```

Channel 1 settings
Input type      :E-Type IC
Tag 1          :TAG 01
Tag 2          :
Unit           :°C
Range start    : 0.0°C
Range end      : 800.0°C
Input filter    : 3sec
Subtract channel :None
PU shift       : 0.0°C
PU gain        : 100.00%
Recording type  :Min-Max rec.
Recording mode  :With record
Alarm settings  >>>> Hit [ENT] key
  
```

<In case of input type is voltage input>

```

Channel 1 settings
Input type      :I-5V
Tag 1          :TAG 01
Tag 2          :
Scalings       :OFF
Unit           :V
Measurings start : 1.000V
Measurings end   : 5.000V
Decimal point    :****.***
Engineering start : 0.000V
Engineering end   : 5.000V
Square rooter    :OFF
Range start      : 1.000V
Range end        : 5.000V
Input filter     : 3sec
Subtract channel :None
PU shift         : 0.000V
PU gain          : 100.00%
Recording type    :Min-Max rec.
Recording mode    :With record
Alarm settings    >>>> Hit [ENT] key
  
```

Table 1 Display Range Set Range

Type		Input range	Record range set range
Thermocouple	B	400 to 1760°C	370.0 to 1790.0°C
	R	0 to 1760°C	- 30.0 to 1790.0°C
	S	0 to 1760°C	- 30.0 to 1790.0°C
	K	-200 to 1370°C	-230.0 to 1400.0°C
	E	-200 to 800°C	-230.0 to 830.0°C
	J	-200 to 1100°C	-230.0 to 1130.0°C
	T	-200 to 400°C	-230.0 to 430.0°C
	N	0 to 1300°C	- 30.0 to 1330.0°C
	W	0 to 1760°C	- 30.0 to 1790.0°C
	L	-200 to 900°C	-230.0 to 930.0°C
	U	-200 to 400°C	-230.0 to 430.0°C
PN	0 to 1300°C	- 30.0 to 1330.0°C	
Resistance bulb	JPt100	-200 to 600°C	-230.0 to 630.0°C
	Pt100	-200 to 600°C	-230.0 to 630.0°C
	Ni100	-60 to 180°C	-90.0 to 210.0°C
	Pt50	-200 to 600°C	-230.0 to 630.0°C
	Cu50	-50 to 200°C	-80.0 to 230.0°C
DC voltage		0 to + 50mV	- 10.00 to + 55.00mV
		0 to +500mV	- 10.0 to + 550.0mV
		+ 1 to + 5V	+ 0.500 to + 5.500V
		0 to + 5V	- 0.100 to + 5.500V

(10) To set input filter (primary delay filter)

Move the cursor to “Input filter” and press the **(ENT)** key, then small window appears. Select numerical values by using the cursor key.

Input filter range: 0 to 900 sec (step of 1 sec)



(11) To select subtraction channel

Move the cursor to “Subtract channel” and press the **(ENT)** key, then small window appears. Select the channel No. for which subtraction is to be performed using the cursor.

[Subtraction function]

- The result of subtraction of the values for 2 channels is recorded to the channel to be set.

Example: When the result of ch1-ch2 is recorded to ch1

$$\text{ch1}=\text{ch1}-\text{ch2}$$

- Be sure to perform subtraction between the channels having the same unit and decimal point position. Otherwise the record cannot be guaranteed.
- Subtraction is not performed when “none” is selected.
- Limit doesn't work for the result of subtraction.

(12) To set PV shift value

Move the cursor to “PV shift” and press the **(ENT)** key, then “PV shift” screen appears as shown below.

Enter PV shift value by using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key.

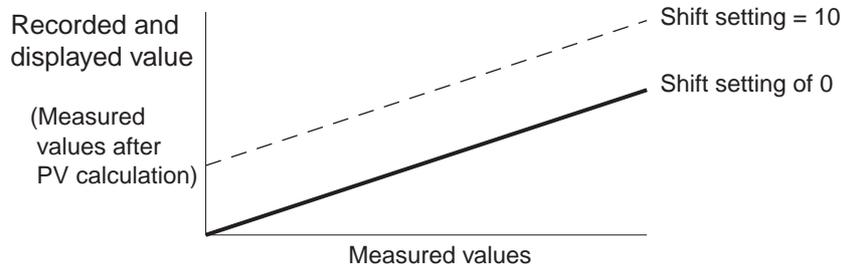


[PV shift function]

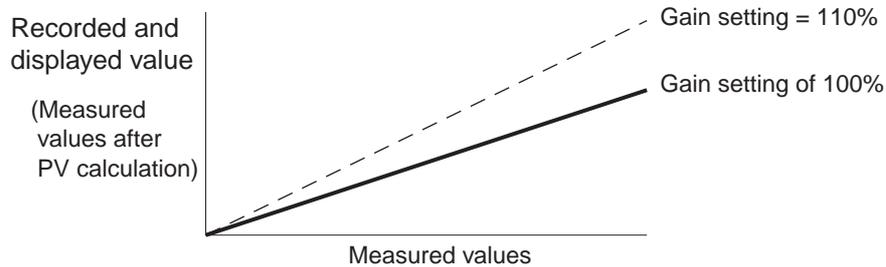
- Measured values can be calculated, recorded, and displayed with the PV shift constant.
- PV shift calculation can be achieved with the gain and shift values.

Conversion graphs relating to shift calculation and gain calculation are shown below.

- Shift calculation



- Gain calculation



- PV shift is calculated as follows;

$$P' = AP + B$$

Where,

P': Measured value after calculation of PV shift

P : Measured value

A : Gain (0.00 to 327.67%)

B : Shift values (setting range: -32767 to 32767 engineering unit, decimal point depends on input type)

- * The measured value after PV shift calculation is limited so that it falls within the settable record range by input type set for each channel. The judgement of input error (such as Burnout, Error, and Over) is performed against the input and not for the result of shift or gain calculation.
- If input type is changed or the scaling function is turned ON/OFF, the PV shift set value for the channel is cleared. (If the scaling function is turned ON/OFF by the setting copying function, the PV shift set value for the channel is not cleared.)
- The Copy function allows you to copy set values, but it is not provided with a means of making copy of PV shift set values.

(13) To set PV gain

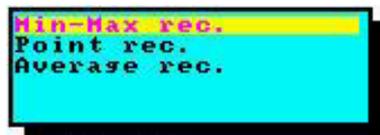
Move the cursor to “PV gain” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the “PV gain” screen appears as shown below.

Enter PV inclination by using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key.



(14) To set recording type

Move the cursor to “Recording type” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the following recording type selection screen appears. Select a desired recording type using the cursor key, and then press the **(ENT)** key.



[About recording type]

Recording type can be selected from the following three.

- Point value recording: Records the instantaneous measurement value at every display refresh cycle.
- Average value recording: Records the average measurement value during the display refresh cycle at every display refresh cycle.
- Maximum/minimum recording: Records the maximum/minimum measurement value during the display refresh cycle at every display refresh cycle.

* Longer recording is allowed with instantaneous and average value recording than with maximum/minimum value recording.

(15) To set recording mode

Move the cursor to “Recording mode” and press the **(ENT)** key, then recording mode screen appears.

Select either “With record” or “Display only” by the cursor.

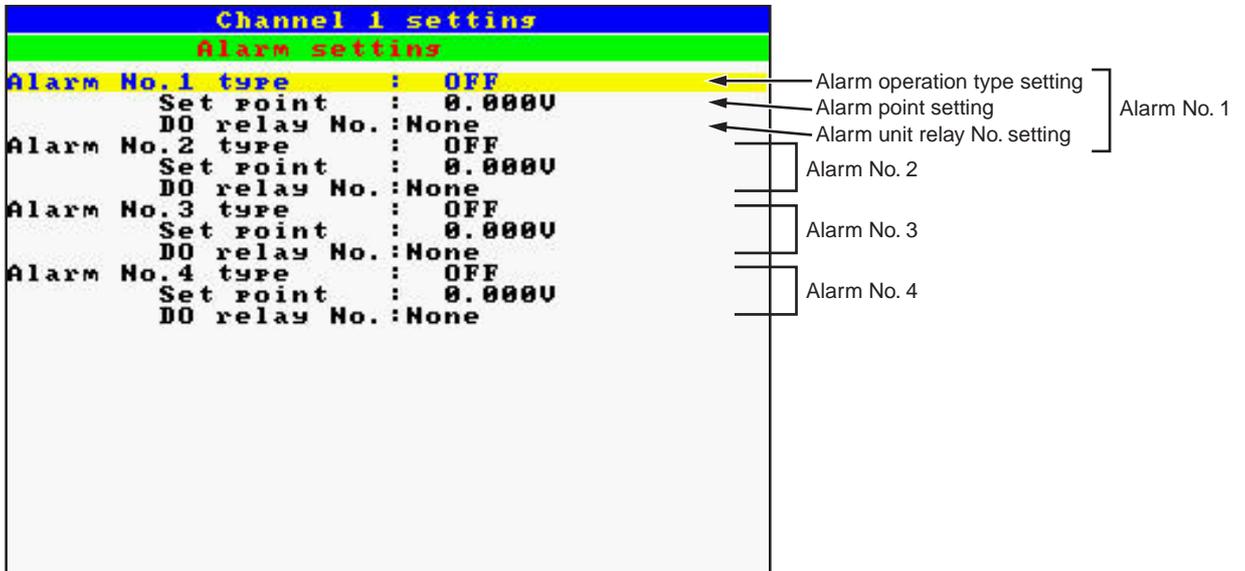
When setting “Display only”, trend display on the Trend screen and history display on the Historical screen are not carried out. Further, nothing is recorded except for display of measured values.

(16) To set alarms

Move the cursor to “Alarm setting” and press the **(ENT)** key, then following alarm setting screen appears.

Select a desired item by using the cursor key, and then press the **(ENT)** key.

Alarms can be set up to 4 points per channel. (Alarm No. 1 to 4)



(a) To set the type of alarm operation

Select from alarm types H and L by using the cursor key.

- Two alarm levels, H and L (H or L can be arbitrarily selected for each alarm.)

Select OFF to stop the alarm operation.

(b) To set alarm DO relay No.

Select alarm DO relay No. by using the cursor key.

In case of the 11th digits of Model code is “1”

- Select optional alarm unit relay No. 1 to 10. If not necessary, select “None” for no output.

These outputs are relay (SPST).

(c) To set alarm set point

Move the cursor to “Alarm set point” and press the **(ENT)** key, and the following alarm setting screen appears. Enter desired alarm set point using the cursor key and the **(ENT)** key.

- Make the setting using engineering values (absolute value alarm).



8.3 Copying parameters

[Explanation]

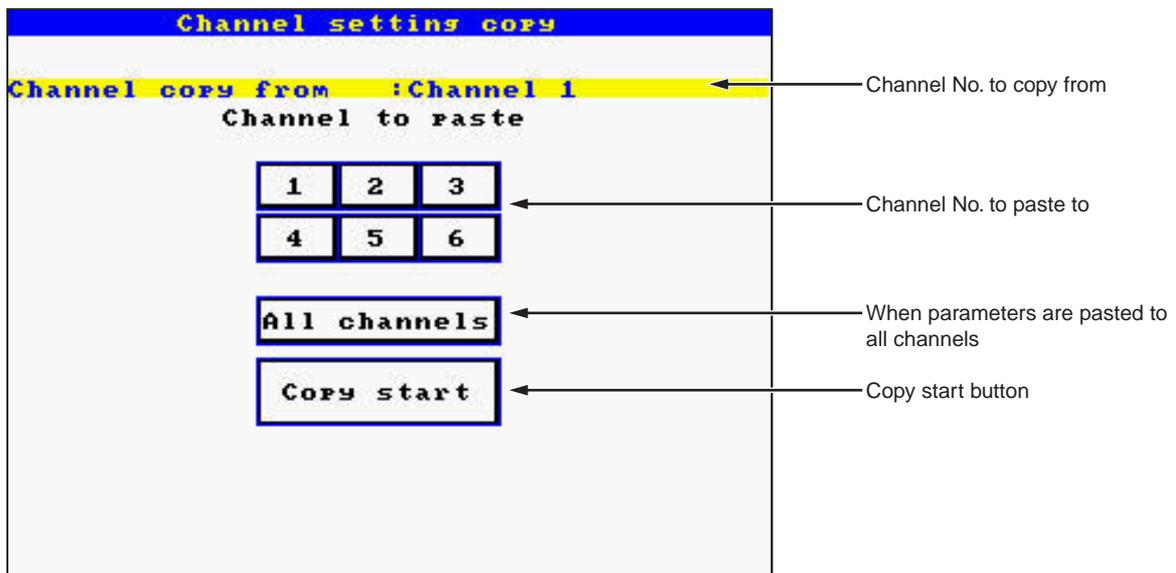
Parameters can be copied to other channels.

Parameters that can be copied are input type, input filter, scaling, recording range, unit, TAG No., alarm setting, and subtraction channel.

[Operation]

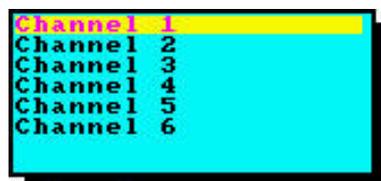
Select the “parameter setting” on the menu screen and enter the password if the configuration password has been set, then select “Channel setting copy”. After that, following “channel setting copy” screen appears.

Copy screen used when the number of input points is 6



(1) Channel No. to copy from

Select a channel No. from which parameters are to be copied using the cursor key. Then press the **(ENT)** key, and following channel selection screen appears.



(2) Channel No. to paste to

Select the channel No. to which parameters are to be pasted using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key. If you want to cancel, press the **(SEL)** key.

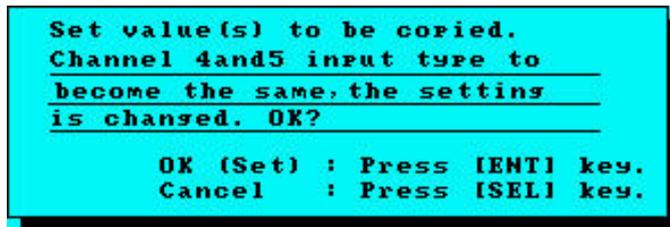
(When you want to paste to all the channels, select “All channels.”)

(3) Copy start button

Move the cursor to “Copy start” by using the cursor key and press the **ENT** key, then the guidance screen as shown below appears.

Press the **ENT** key to copy, and press the **SEL** key to cancel.

Guidance screen for the number of input points of 6



8.4 Setting for data display screen

Four combinations of the input channels you want to display (called screen structure or group screen) can be set on the data display screen.

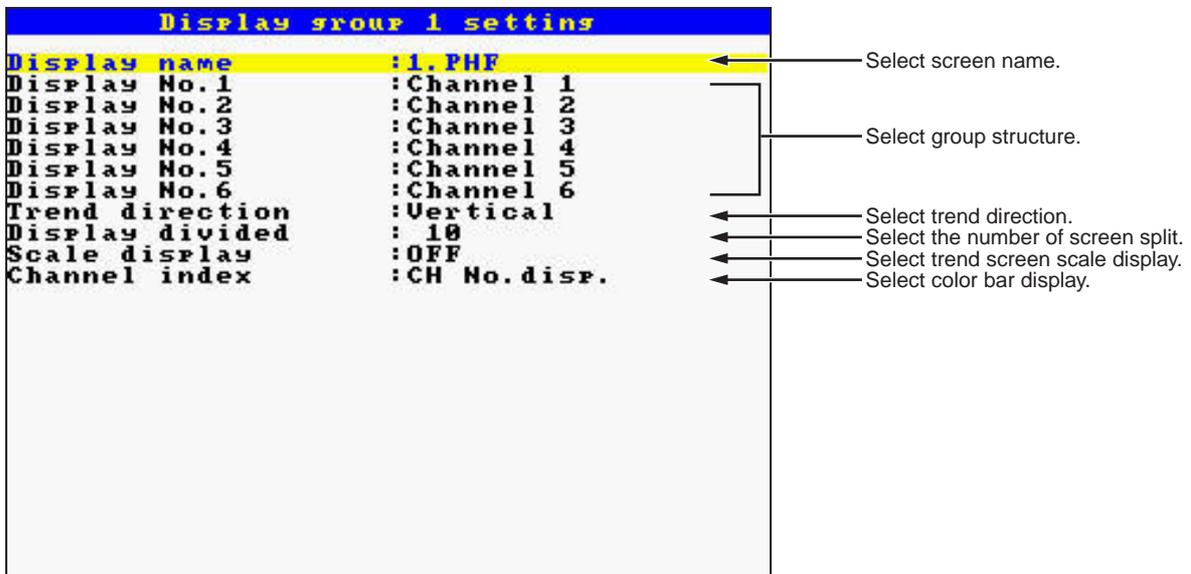
[Explanation]

- Set the name of group screen using alphanumerical characters. Up to 16 characters can be entered.
- Set the screen structure (group screen) on the data display screen.

[Operation]

Select the “parameter setting” on the menu screen and enter the password if the configuration password has been set, then select “Display setting”.

After that, following display group setting screen appears.



- Set the group construction.
- Select the direction (vertical or horizontal) of the trend screen (real time trend screen and historical trend screen).
- Select the number of screen division.
- Select ON/OFF of the trend screen scale display.
- Select one from Tag No. display, unit display or channel No. display as display contents of the color bar.
- If a group has less than 4 channels, the real time trend display, etc. automatically switch to the screen for 4-channel display.

(1) To set display name

Move the cursor to “Display name” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the following character entering screen appears. Enter the display name using the cursor and press the **(ENT)** key.

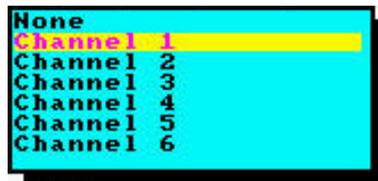
When the name is entered, press the **(SEL)** key to register the screen name.



(2) To set display structure

Move the cursor to the channel No. you want to make setting change on the display group setting screen and press the **(ENT)** key, then the following channel setting screen appears.

Note: The following figure is a channel setting screen for the number of inputs of 6.



channel setting screen

Select channel No. using the cursor and press the **(ENT)** key.

Selecting “None” does not make recording at that position on the data display screen.

The following is the relation between the No. of the display structure and the data display screen.

No.1 ↓	No.2 ↓	No.3 ↓
CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
263.9	263.8	263.8
263.9	263.9	263.8
CH 4	CH 5	CH 6
263.9	263.9	263.8
263.9	263.9	263.9
↑ No.4	↑ No.5	↑ No.6

CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
TAG 01	TAG 02	TAG 03
264.0	263.9	263.8

(3) To set trend direction

Move the cursor to “Trend direction” and press the (ENT) key, then the setting screen appears. Select trend display direction using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key.



(4) To set the number of display division

Move the cursor to “Display divided” and press the (ENT) key, then the number of display division setting screen (1 to 20) appears. Select the number of division using the cursor key and press the (ENT) key.

Note) Display division is not allowed if scale display has been selected.

(5) To set trend screen scale display

Move the cursor to “Scale display” and select “OFF” or “ON” using the cursor key. Then press the (ENT) key.

The scale of the displayed channel can be arbitrarily changed using the (ENT) key.

Note: If the input type is changed in the state where a chart is remaining on the trend screen, proper display cannot be obtained.



(6) To select channel index

Move the cursor to “Channel index” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the setting screen appears.

Select one from “Channel No. display,” “Tag No. display” and “Unit display” using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key.

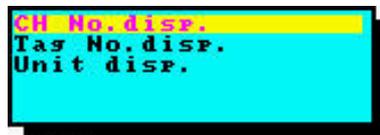
* Only seven characters are displayed as TAG No. on the color bar.

In case of 4 channel display

It is selectable to display the combination and the parameter, “Channel index”.

The combination on the real time trend screen and bargraph screen can be set as shown below.

Channel index	CH No. disp.	Tag No. disp.	Unit disp.
Tag display area	Channel No. Tag 1 PV	Tag 1 Tag 2 PV	Tag 1 Unit PV



8.5 Unit definition

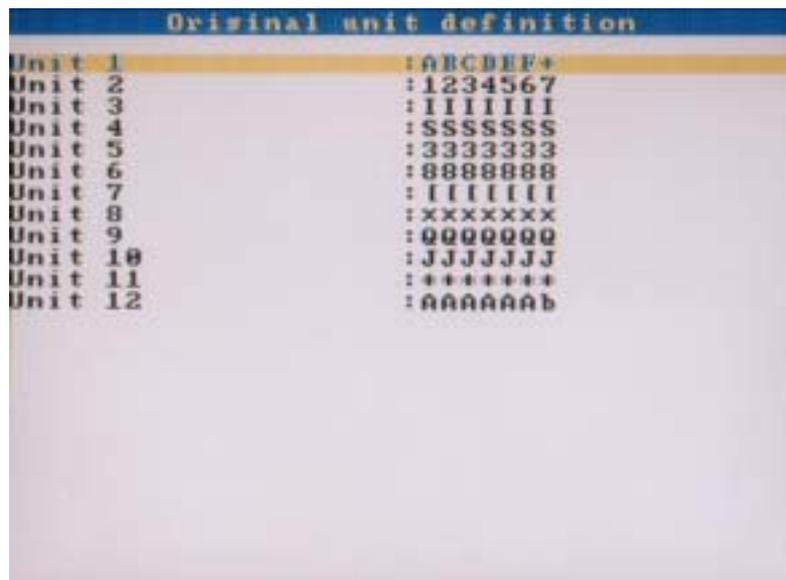
[Explanation]

The Original unit definition screen allows you to make units with up to 7 alphanumeric characters. Up to 12 types of units can be registered. The unit can be verified by the unit selection given in Item 8.2.

[Operation]

Select the “parameter setting” on the menu screen and enter the password if the configuration password has been set, then select “Original unit definition”.

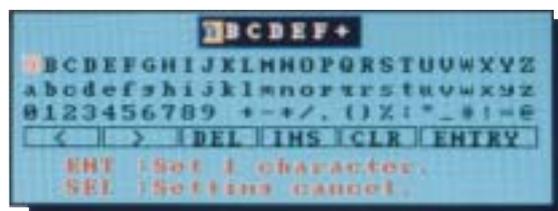
Then following “Original unit definition” screen appears.



Move the cursor to the unit box that remains blank by the cursor key. Press the **(ENT)** key, and the following unit naming screen appears.

Enter a unit by the cursor key and then press the **(ENT)** key for confirmation.

After entry of the unit, press the **(SEL)** key to return to the “original unie definition” screen.



8.6 Setting for DI (external control unit) function

[Explanation]

Note: Up to 5 DIs are provided, which allows the following operations to be performed.

(1) Start/stop of record

Using DI, start/stop of the record can be switched.

- The record can also be started/stopped from the keypad on the front face.
- Start/stop switching function of the record is judged according to rise/fall edge of DI.
 OFF → ON (Rise): Recording start (No change if the recording is made from the start.)
 ON → OFF (Fall): Recording stop (No change if the recording is stopped from the start.)

(2) LCD ON

LCD can be turned on by DI.

It works as shown below.

Status	DI	
	OFF → ON	ON → OFF
LCD off	LCD turns on	No change
LED ON	No change	No change

(3) E-mail trigger set

E-mail trigger can be set using DI.

- In distinction from the functions described in (1) to (5) above, E-mail trigger can be set on the E-mail trigger set screen.
- The E-mail trigger function also works even when the functions described in (1) to (5) shown above are allocated to DI.
 (Both of functions allocated to DI and the E-mail trigger set function work.)

[Operation]

Select “Parameter setting” on the Menu screen and then “DI function setting” to display the DI function setting screen.

DI function settings	
DI 1 function	:Rec start/Rec stor
DI 2 function	:Function invalid
DI 3 function	:Function invalid
DI 4 function	:Function invalid
DI 5 function	:Function invalid

Move the cursor to the DI No. with which DI function is to be selected and press the **(ENT)** key.
By using the cursor key, select either one of “Function invalid,” “Record start/stop,” or “LCD ON”.



8.7 Ethernet function setting

[Description]

Make the setting as follows to use Ethernet function.

IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway can be set to connect the recorder main unit to Ethernet.

[Note]

- Connect the recorder to Ethernet to use the FTP, Web, E-mail, and MODBUS TCP/IP functions. Refer to the communication manual for details of connection.
- Contact the system administrator when connecting the recorder to the LAN.
- After making the setting of this parameter, store the setting (see P.8-3), turn off the power, and turn it on again. (Refer to “Note” of Item 7.1.)

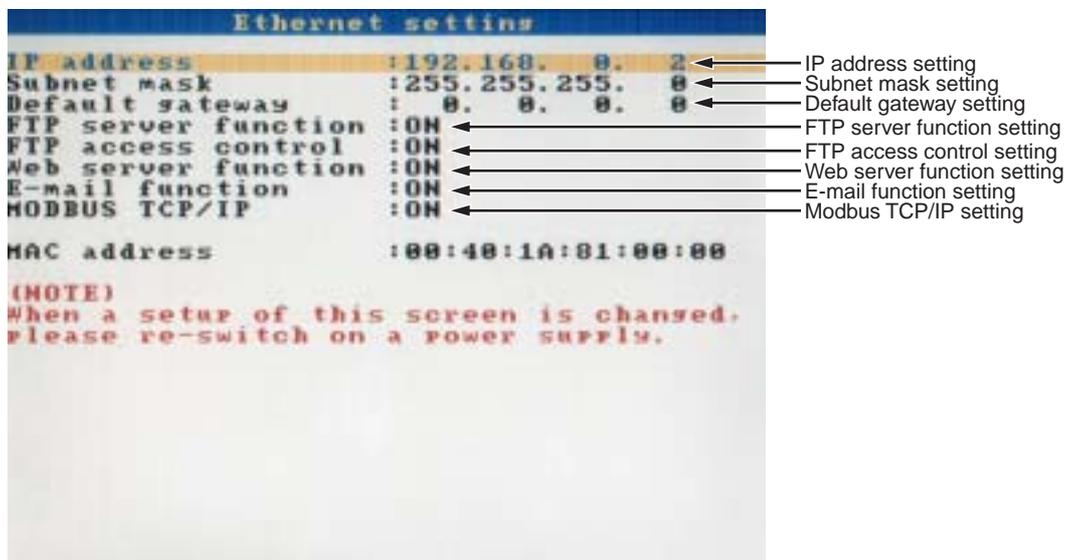
[Operation]

Move the cursor to “Ethernet setting” on the Parameter setting screen and then press the **ENT** key, and the Ethernet setting screen appears. Make the settings required to connect the recorder to Ethernet (Ethernet function, IP address, Subnet mask, Default, and gateway) and the settings of the functions to be used (FTP, Web, E-mail, and MODBUS). To use the E-mail function, E-mail setting (1) and E-mail trigger setting (2) must be made.

To use MODBUS TCP/IP function, Communication setting (3) is required. Refer to the communication manual for details.

CAUTION

- The communication automatically disconnects, if no FTP communication request is made for 10 minutes.
- The display motion of the paperless recorder may slow down when taking out a file of large size.
- While the compact flash of the paperless recorder is accessed by FTP communication, do not take out the compact flash. Furthermore, when the FTP server function is used, inhibit access to the compact flash in the “Memory card abstract” screen, before taking out the compact flash.
- Do not delete or change the name of a file while the file is being recorded or totalized.



(1) E-mail setting

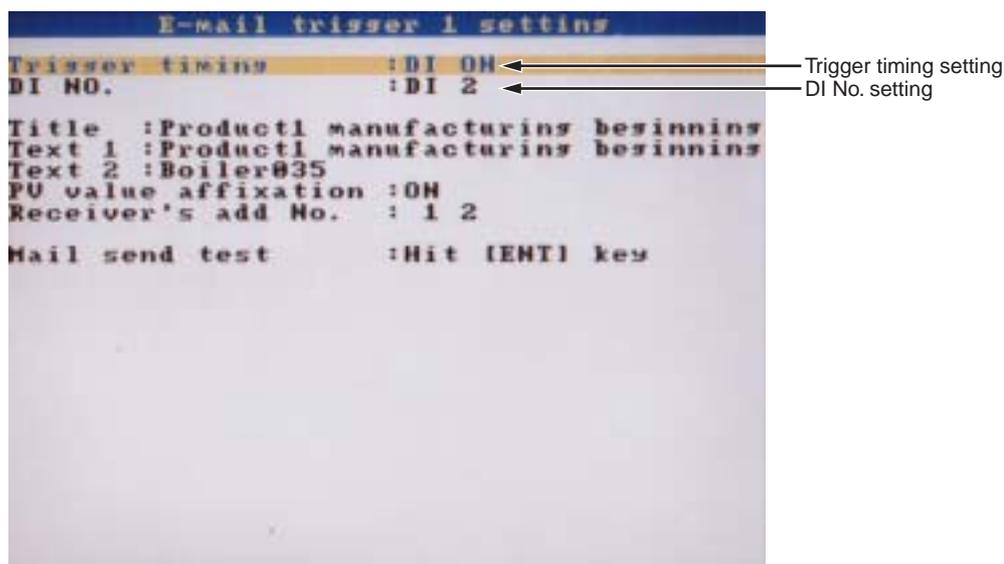
Check that E-mail function of Ethernet setting is set to ON before carrying out the E-mail setting. If E-mail setting is made with E-mail function set to OFF, E-mail function cannot be used.

Move the cursor to “E-mail setting” on the Parameter setting screen and press the **(ENT)** key. On the E-mail setting screen that appears, make the settings required to use the E-mail function (SMTP IP address, Sender’s mail add, Name, Receiver’s add). Refer to the communication manual for details of the setting.



(2) E-mail trigger setting

Check that the E-mail function of the Ethernet setting is set to ON before carrying out the E-mail trigger setting. If the setting is made with E-mail function set to OFF, E-mail function cannot be used. Move the cursor to “E-mail trigger setting” on the Parameter setting screen and press the **(ENT)** key, and the E-mail trigger setting screen appears. Up to 10 patterns can be selected as E-mail send timing. Make the setting for E-mail send timing and the contents. Refer to the communication manual for details of the setting.

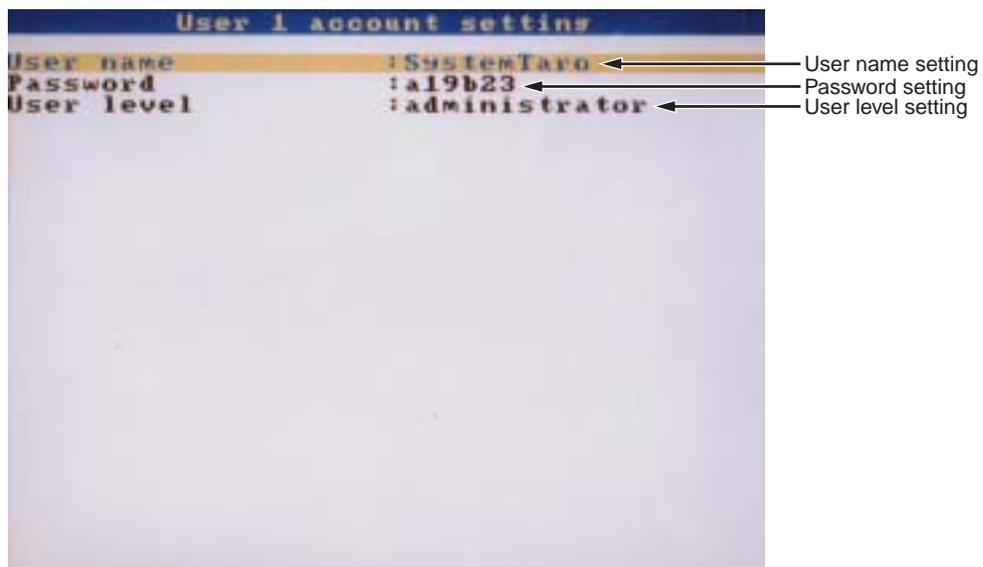


(3) User account setting

Check that FTP server function and FTP access control of Ethernet setting are set to ON before carrying out the user account setting. If the setting is made with FTP server function and FTP access control set to OFF, connection with the FTP server cannot be established. Note, however, that if common user name is ftp, connection with the FTP server can be established even if FTP access control is set to OFF.

Move the cursor to “User account setting” on the Parameter setting screen and press the **(ENT)** key, and the User account setting screen appears. The user name, password, and the access level for connection with the FTP server can be selected on the screen. Refer to the communication manual for details of the setting.

(Caution) Do not use blank space as a password.



8.8 Setting password for parameter setting

[Explanation]

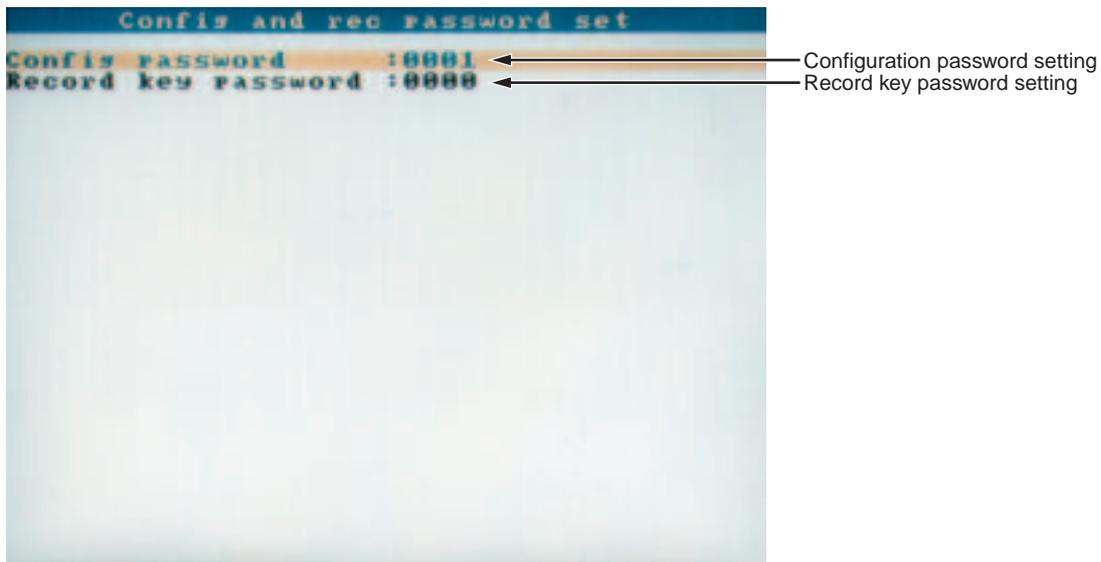
Four-digit password required to display the parameter setting screen and recording start and/or stop screen can be set as follows.

Set "0000", then password input isn't required to display above screens.

[Operation]

Select the "parameter setting" on the menu screen and enter the password, then select "Configuration Password set".

Then following "Configuration Password set" screen appears.



Press the **ENT** key, and password entry screen appears. Enter the password using the cursor key and press the **ENT** key.



9. OPERATING MEMORY CARD

9.1 Displaying record data of memory card

[Explanation]

The recorded data (trend data file) contained in the memory card set to the main unit can be displayed on the historical trend screen.

- The meaning of file name is as follows.
 - S00****.FDT: File name of the trend data file (A00****.FDT, which is an event data file, is not displayed.)

The part **** is substituted by 4-digit numerical value, and every time a new file is created, the value increases sequentially beginning from 0000.
- Every time a recording is started using the **(REC)** key or by DI input, a new file is created.

A trend file and an event file are created as a set as a new file without fail.
- The date indicates the last time when the writing was conducted on the file.
- The file name cannot be changed on this screen. To change the file name, read in the data in a memory card on the PC. Observe the following when changing the file name.
 - 1) Change both the trend data file (Sxx.FDT) and the event data file (Axx.FDT)
 - 2) Be sure to give the trend data file a name beginning with S, and give the event data file a name beginning with A.
 - 3) Be sure to give the same name to the part xxxx of Sxxxx.FDT and Axxxx.FDT. Otherwise the file may not be opened.
 - 4) The file may not be opened with the names S.FDT and A.FDT.
 - 5) Be sure to use 7 characters including S or A at the maximum. Otherwise the file may not be opened.
 - 6) Do not give the same file name to the part xxxx of Sxxxx.FDT and Axxxx.FDT in separate pairs.

Otherwise the program may not be properly operated and forced termination etc. may occur.

[Example]

Avoid giving the same file name, 88, to S88 in the upper stage and A88 in the lower stage as in the example shown below.

Before change

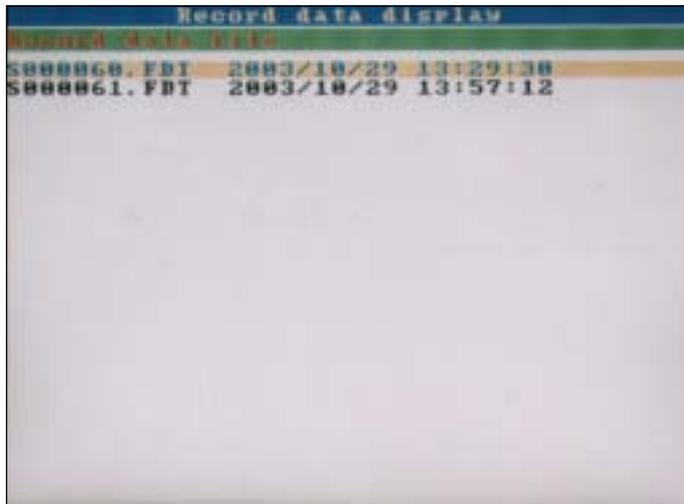
S01. FDT/A01.FDT	2002-11-19	10:00
S02. FDT/A02.FDT	2002-11-19	15:38

After change

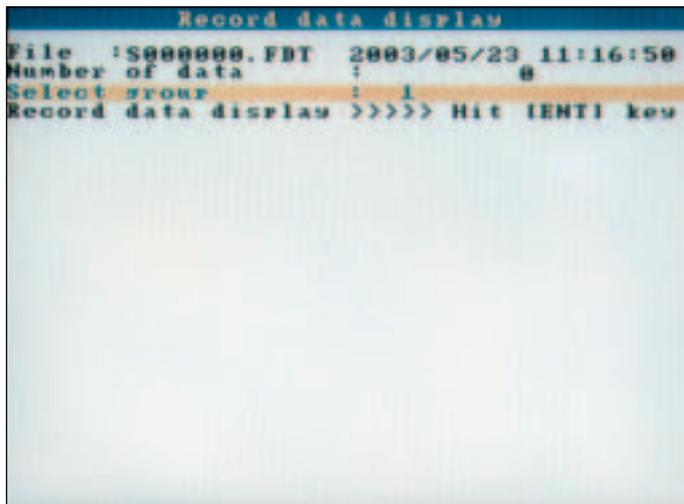
<u>S88</u> . FDT/A01.FDT	2002-11-19	10:00
S02. FDT/A <u>88</u> .FDT	2002-11-19	15:38

[Operation]

Select the “CF manager” on the menu screen and enter the password if the CF manager password has been set, then select “Record data display”. Then following “Record data display” screen appears.

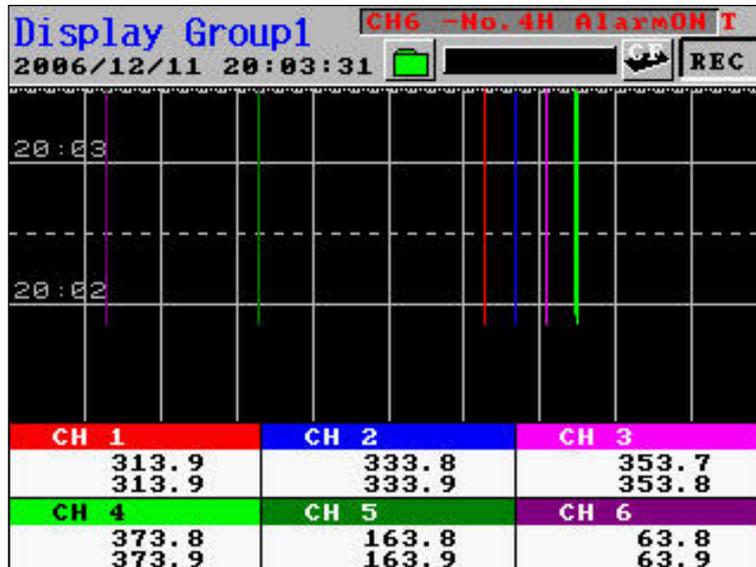


- (1) Select the file to be opened using the cursor key, and press the **(ENT)** key to display the following record data display screen.



- (2) Move the cursor to “Record data display” and press the **(ENT)** key. Then move the cursor to “ON” and press the **(ENT)** key.

The historical trend screen is displayed.



Refer to Item 5.7 “Historical trend display” for the method of seeing the historical trend screen.

About loading data from the memory card, following settings are displayed according to currently settings not the saved settings

- Trend direction
- Number of screen division
- Trend scale display
- Color bar display selection

- (3) Press the **(DISP)** key while the historical trend screen is displayed, and following “Display time setting” screen appears.



Enter the time of currently recorded data you want to display and press the **(ENT)** key.

Then, PHF displays historical trend data at entered day and time.

To display past data, entered day and time appears the bottom of the historical screen. To display farther data, entered day and time appear the top of this screen.

9.2 Removing memory card (compact flash)

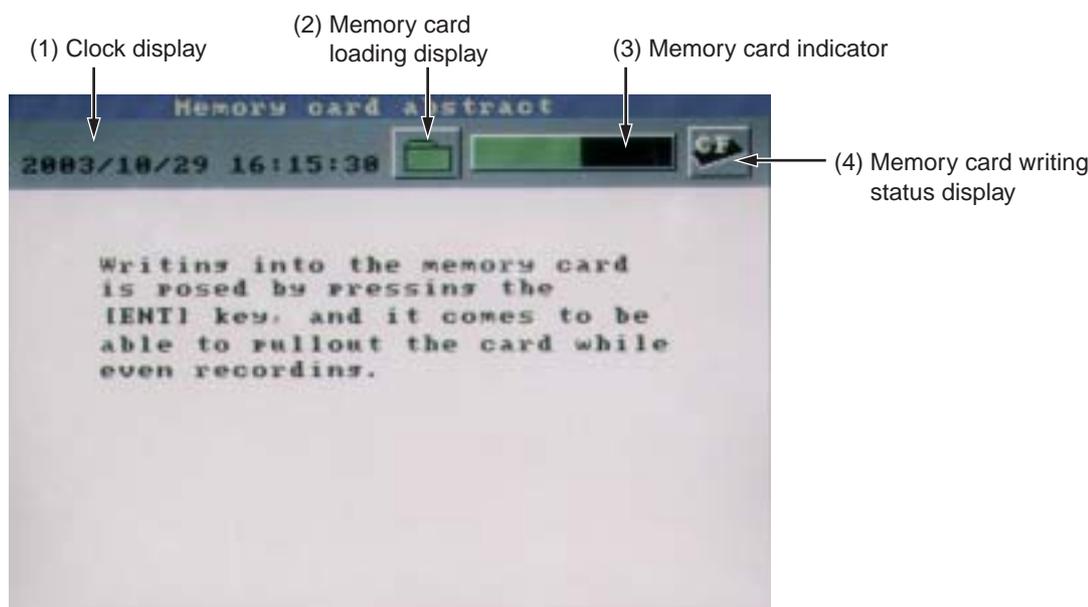
[Explanation]

By prohibiting the writing to the memory card, the memory card can be removed without stopping the recording while recording is in progress. Refer to [Operation] shown below for the removing procedure.

- If the internal buffer (memory) of PHF becomes full while the memory card is being removed, the record data is cut off.
- The internal buffer (memory) of PHF can store the data up to the following limit.
 - 1) Trend data: 400 data (For 400 seconds when the display refresh cycle is 1 second)
 - 2) Event data: 180 data
- When the memory card is reinserted after it is removed, a new record file (trend file, event file) is created.

[Operation]

Select the “CF manager and totalize exe.” on the menu screen and enter the password if the CF manager password has been set, then select “Memory card abstract”. The following message appears.



(1) Clock display

Displays the date and the time.

(2) Memory card loading display

Displays the memory card loading status.

Flashing: Indicates the state where a memory card is not inserted.

Lit in green: Indicates the state where the memory card can be removed.

Lit in red: Indicates the state where the memory card cannot be removed.

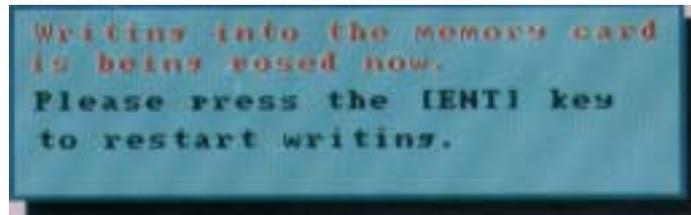
(3) Memory card indicator

Displays the usage of the memory card in a bar graph. Lit in red when 90% of the whole capacity has been used up.

(4) Memory card writing status display

Kept lit while the measured data is being written into the memory card.

Press the **ENT** key. The following screen appears and the writing into the memory card is prohibited. Check that the memory card loading display is lit in green. Then then remove the memory card and back up the recorded data. After that insert the memory card once again and press the **ENT** key. The parameter display screen appears and the prohibition of writing into the memory card is released.



9.3 Function of reading settings from memory card (compact flash)

[Description]

The setting of the recorder can be read from the memory card.

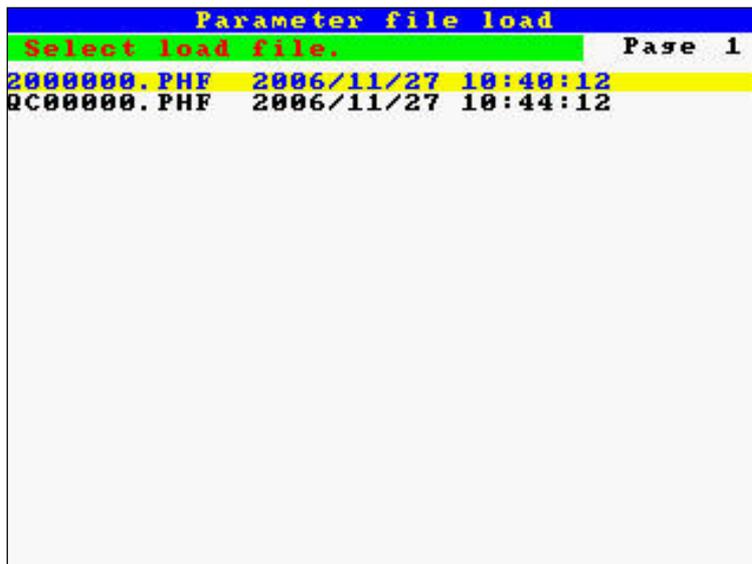
Setting files (*****.PHF) can be created on the recorder main unit and the parameter loader. Setting files are stored in the PARAMET folder within the memory card. (See the following figure.)

Note: Settings cannot be read while recording is in progress.

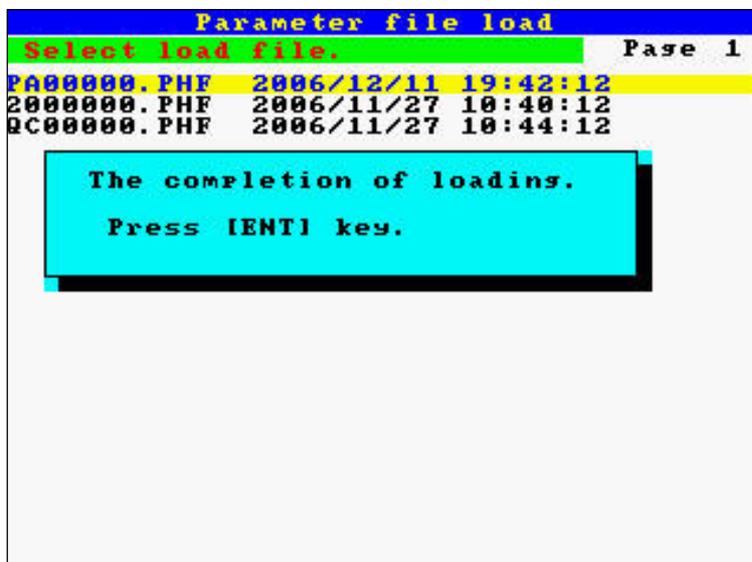
[Operation]

Move the cursor to “Parameter file load” on the CF manager menu screen and press the **(ENT)** key, and the Parameter file load list screen appears.

Move the cursor to the file to be read and press the **(ENT)** key, and reading is started.



On completion of the reading of the setting, the following message screen appears.



9.4 Function of writing settings in memory card (compact flash)

[Description]

The setting of the recorder can be written in a memory card.

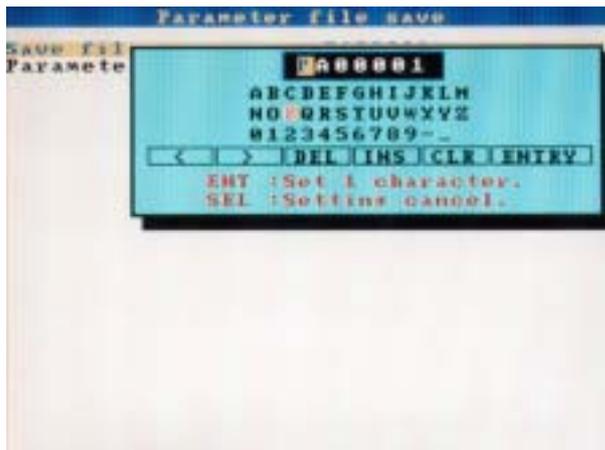
Setting files (*****.PHF) can be created on the recorder main unit and the parameter loader. Setting files are stored in the PARAMET folder in the memory card. (See the following figure.)

Note: A new setting file cannot be created if a file having the same name already exists within the memory card. (The setting file cannot be overwritten.)

[Operation]

Move the cursor to “Parameter file save” on the CF manager menu screen and press the [ENT] key.

Move the cursor to “Save file name” and press the (ENT) key, and the character entry screen (see below) appears. Enter the file name using the cursor key and the (ENT) key. Then press the (ENT) key at [ENTRY] to confirm the entered file name.



Move the cursor to “Parameter save” and press the (ENT) key, and writing of the setting into the memory card is started.



On completion of the writing of the setting, the following message screen appears.



9.5 Setting password for memory card operation

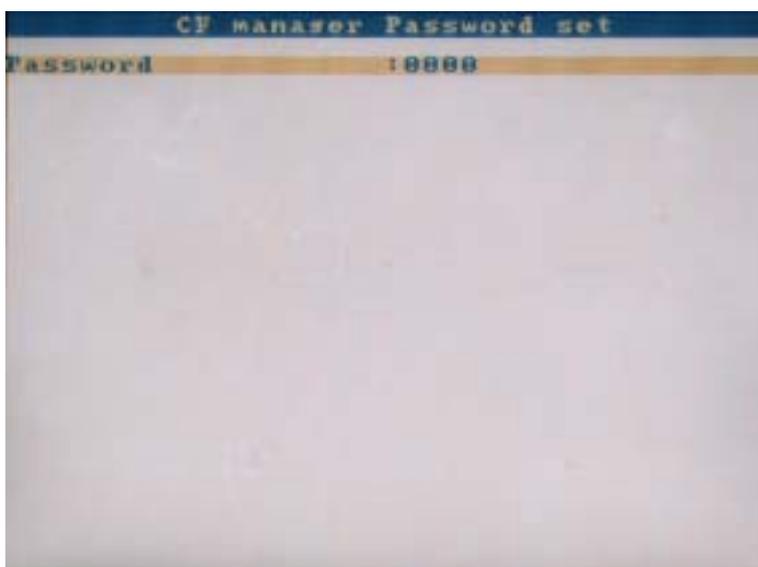
[Explanation]

Four-digit password is required to display the “CF manager” screen can be set as follows.

The default setting is “0000.”

[Operation]

Select the “CF manager” on the menu screen and enter the password if the CF manager password has been set, then select “CF manager password set”. The following “CF manager Password set” screen appears.



Press the **ENT** key, and the following password entry screen appears.

Enter the password and press the **ENT** key.



10. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

10.1 Recommended replacement cycle of parts

Names of parts	Cycle	Remarks
LCD (front panel)	5 years	LCD backlight cannot be replaced as a single unit. Return to factory for repair.
Fuse (external use)	2 years	When external fuses are used, replace them every 2 years for preventive maintenance. Fuse rating: 250V AC, 1A
Memory card	6 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To prevent data from being lost, back up the recorded data once every 6 months.• If writing error occurs in the memory card, data may be lost. If data has been written in the memory card to some extent, check if data writing has been normally performed.• The compact flash card is a consumable item. If the following phenomena take place, the card must have come to the end of its service life. Replace the card in such cases.<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) The number of recording file is found to be larger than expected even though power failure did not occur or recording was not interrupted.2) The recording file loaded into the PC cannot be opened with the data viewer.
Lithium battery	5 years	It cannot be replaced as a single unit. Return to factory for repair.

10.2 Calibration

To assure measuring accuracy, perform calibration every year.

For calibration procedure, refer to Chapter 11. Contact our sales representative for details.

10.3 Formatting the memory card

The memory card should be formatted by a personal computer (this recorder is not provided with a means of formatting the memory card).

Select a PC drive for the memory card and press the right-mouse button. The menu appears, prompting you to select the option. Select “Format” as FAT16 or FAT. On the screen that appears, select the “Start” button to initiate the formatting.

Using CF card adaptor, please check how many capacities it can deal with. If your CF card is out of the range, don't format CF card using the adaptor. When format CF card by the adaptor, you may find it complete format on the Windows. But in that case, PHF might not read the card.

11. CALIBRATION

The following operation can be carried out.

- (1) Calibration of the measured value
- (2) Initialization of the set value

11.1 Calibration method of measured values

[Preparation]

Before calibration, prepare equipment as shown below:

Equipment	Specification
Power supply	0 to 300Vac / 5A
Voltage Generator	0 to 50Vdc Resolution: 10 μ V (mV range) Output impedance: less than 2 ohm
Resistance decade box	Range: 0.01 to 400.000 ohm Resolution: 0.01 ohm
Digital voltage meter	Display: more than 5 and 1/2 digits Resolution: 1 μ V (mV range)

[Explanation]

Adjustment is not required in an ordinary status. However, to maintain the desired accuracy of the measured value display, we recommend you to perform calibration periodically by adding calibration input signals. Add calibration input signals to the channel to be calibrated. To calibrate the input of the resistance bulb, be sure to perform 500mV calibration beforehand, and then perform the calibration.

Note) If improper calibration input signals are added, the instrument operates improperly. Be sure to follow the procedure shown above to perform calibration. Otherwise the instrument may operate improperly.

[Operation]

- (1) Select the “Calibration password” on the menu screen and enter the password, “1234”, then following “Calibration” screen appears.

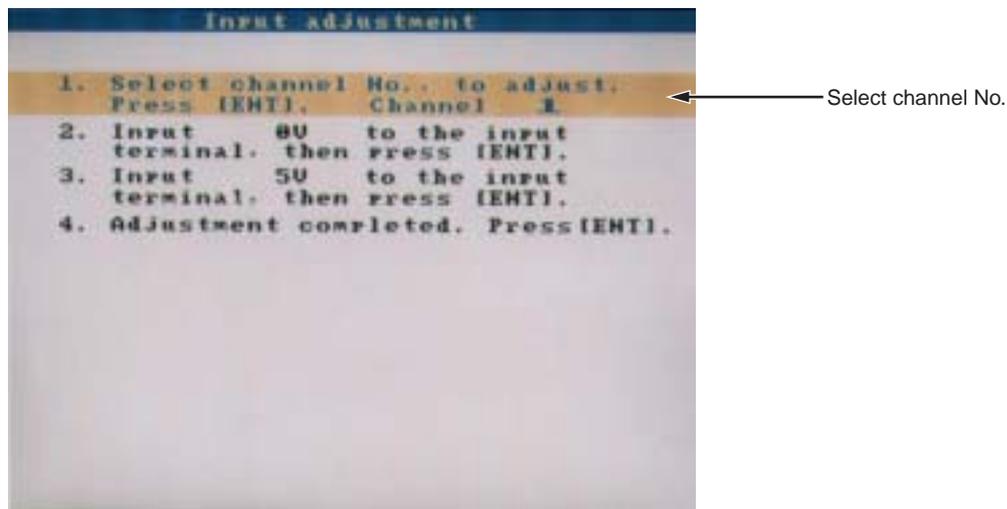


CAUTION

Do not perform “Other functions” and “Adjust data initialization”, since they are intended to be performed by the manufacturer. Otherwise the instrument may not operate properly causing phenomena that the input reading is not properly displayed or the set parameter returns to the value set at the time of delivery.

-
- (2) Move the cursor to “Input adjustment.” and press the **(ENT)** key, then the “input adjustment” screen appears.

In case of 0 to 5V input type



- (3) Select the channel for calibration.

Select the channel for calibration by using the cursor key and press the **(ENT)** key.

- (4) Apply 0% input

In the case of resistance bulb input, before performing calibration, be sure that 500mV input calibration has already finished.

The following are input signals for 0% point calibration.

- Voltage input: 0 mV or 0 V
- Thermocouple input: 0 mV
- Resistance bulb: 50Ω

After input of the input signal for 0% calibration, wait for 30 seconds. Then press the **(ENT)** key. Zero calibration will start automatically. After calibration, the “Setting completed” message appears. Pressing **(ENT)** moves to the next span calibration.

- (5) Apply 100% input

The input signal for 100% calibration is shown below;

- Voltage input: 50 mV or 500 mV, and 5V
- Thermocouple input: 50 mV
- Resistance bulb: 300Ω

After input of 100% calibration input signal, wait for 30 seconds. Then press the **(ENT)** key. Span calibration will start automatically. After calibration, the “Setting completed” message appears. Press the **(ENT)** key.

- (6) End of calibration

Move the cursor to “Adjustment completed” and press the **(ENT)** key.

11.2 Initializing the measured value

[Explanation]

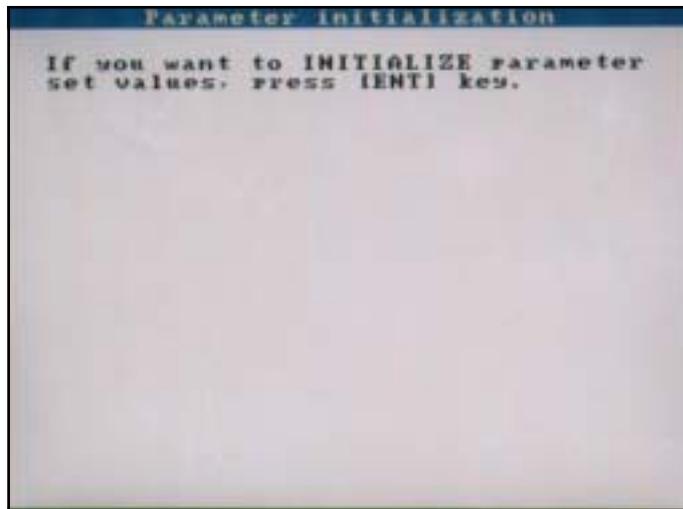
Parameters can be returned to the value set at the time of delivery from the factory.

- After initializing the set value, be sure to store the initialized parameters in a nonvolatile memory. Otherwise they return to the values before the initialization when the power is turned off.

Note) Though this function is executed, the adjusted values are not initialized.

[Operation]

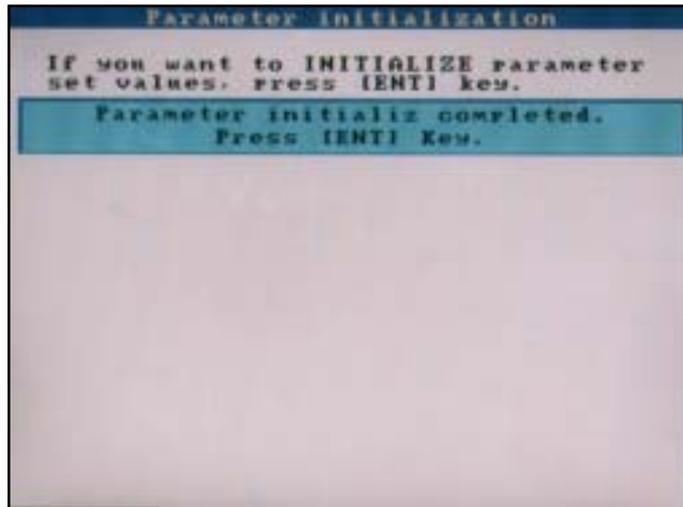
- (1) Select the “Calibration password” on the menu screen and enter the password, then “Calibration” screen appears. After that, select “Parameter initialization”, then following “Parameter initialization” screen appears.



- (2) Press the **[ENT]** key to start initialization. To cancel it, press the **[SEL]** key.



(3) Press the **ENT** key, and the setting value of parameters are initialized at the shipment.



11.3 How to adjust the screen contrast

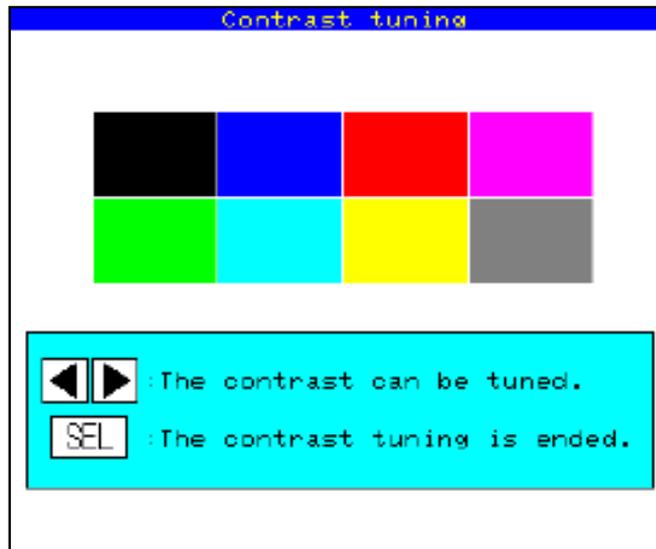
[Explanation]

Contrast of screen can be adjusted.

Note that if the adjusted value is not held in the non-volatile storage, it returns to the original one when power is turned off.

[Operation]

- (1) Select the “Calibration password” on the menu screen and enter the password, then “Calibration” screen appears. After that, select “Contrast tuning”, then following “Contrast tuning” screen appears.



- (2) Push ◀, ▶ keys to change the contrast and select the best one.
- (3) When setting is completed, push (SEL) key to finish the adjustment.

12. TROUBLESHOOTING

If the recorder does not operate normally, take a remedy according to the table given below. For a complicated trouble, contact our Sales Representatives.

Situation	Check	Remedy
Does not work at all.	1) Is the power supply terminal connection correct?	Connect correctly.
	2) Is power being supplied properly?	Supply correctly.
Keys do not work.	1) Does the screen display correctly? If keys only do not work, key switch may be faulty.	Contact our Service Center
	2) There are some parameters that cannot be set during recording. Check if setting has been attempted during recording.	Stop recording at once.
“System Error” is displayed when power is ON.	It is displayed when a fault occurs in CPU. Turn the power ON again. If it does not return to normal condition, CPU may be faulty.	Contact our Service Center.
The record swings over to the 0% side or the 100% side.	1) Is digital indication displayed correctly? If the input is not connected correctly, burnout may occur or over- or under-indication may occur	Connect correctly.
	2) The record swings over the indication range if the indication range is not set correctly.	Set the indication range correctly.
The indication changes too much.	To match the indication to that of the field indicator, use PV shift given in Item 9.2 (12).	
The data indicator indicates “Over”, “Under” or “Error”.	If the input is not connected correctly or a signal that is different from the input type is connected, the indication becomes faulty.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connect correctly. • Set the input type according to the input signal.
Recording data is not written in memory card	1) Is the memory card connected properly?	Fix the memory card according to Item 2.2.
	2) Is the memory card full?	
	3) If the measuring channel is set as “Indication only” or “Skip”, data is not recorded.	
	4) The memory card may be defective.	Check the status of the memory card with the PC.
“Recording has been stopped because the compact flash has run out of capacity. Replace the compact flash.” is kept displayed.	1) The compact flash has run out of capacity.	1) Replace the compact flash with the one with sufficient capacity, and then press the DISP key. 2) Press the DISP key.
	2) Was the DISP key pressed after the compact flash is replaced with the one with sufficient capacity?	
“No battery! Please exchange the battery” is kept displayed.	Battery becomes low voltage. So, it might reset the clock at power.	Contact our Service Center.
The number of recording file is found to be larger than expected.	1) Check if power failure occurred during recording.	
	2) Check if the auto file division function is performed.	Check the auto file division function setting.
	3) The memory card may have come to the end of its service life.	Replace the memory card with a new one.
The recording file cannot be opened with the data viewer.	1) The version of the data viewer may not be the latest.	Check the version of the data viewer.
	2) The memory card may have come to the end of its service life.	Replace the memory card with a new one.

13. SPECIFICATIONS

1. Input system

Number of input points:

3 points or 6 points (Can be selected at the time of purchase)

Input circuit: Input mutual isolation

Resistance bulb measured current:
about 1 mA

Measuring cycles:

3 or 6 points....100ms cycles

Recording cycle: 1 sec to 12 hours

Input types: Thermocouple, resistance bulb, DC voltage, and DC current (Shunt resistors are fitted in input terminals).

Note) Order a shunt resistor (type: PHZP0101) separately.

Measuring range

Input types		Reference range
Thermocouple	B	400.0 to 1760.0°C
	R	0.0 to 1760.0°C
	S	0.0 to 1760.0°C
	K	-200.0 to 1370.0°C
	E	-200.0 to 800.0°C
	J	-200.0 to 1100.0°C
	T	-200.0 to 400.0°C
	N	0.0 to 1300.0°C
	W	0.0 to 1760.0°C
	L	-200.0 to 900.0°C
Resistance bulb	U	-200.0 to 400.0°C
	PN	0.0 to 1300.0°C
	JPt100	-200.0 to 600.0°C
	Pt100	-200.0 to 600.0°C
	Ni100	-60.0 to 180.0°C
DC voltage	Pt50	-200.0 to 600.0°C
	Cu50	-50.0 to 200.0°C
	50mV	0.00 to 50.00mV
	500mV	0.0 to 500.0mV
	1-5V	1.000 to 5.000V
	0-5V	0.000 to 5.000V

Note) B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N : JIS C 1602, DIN IEC 584-1
W : 5%Re-26%Re : W (Hoskins Mfg. Co. USA)
L : Fe-Cu · Ni (DIN 43710)
U : Cu-Cu · Ni (DIN 43710)
PN: Platinum
JPt100 : JIS C 1604-1989 (Old JIS Pt 100)
Pt100, Pt50 : JIS 1604, DIN IEC 751

Selection of input types:

By key operation on the front panel. Note that the same input type (thermocouple, resistance bulb, voltage) should be selected for channel 4 and 5. Refer to "Setting method of input types" for details.

Burn-out function:

Equipped in thermocouple and resistance bulb inputs as standard, and overflows the recording to 100% side.

Thermocouple burn-out current:
approx. 0.2 μA

Input filter function:

Settable for each channel (primary delay filter) Time constants are settable in the range from 0 to 900 sec.

Scaling function: Possible by DC voltage (current) input

Scaling range:-32767 to 32767

Decimal position:

settable at any point

Unit symbol: settable up to 7 digits and 125+12 types

Subtraction function:

Subtraction between each channel is allowed.

Square rooter function:

Square rooter can be performed against the input value per each channel.

2. Indication system

Indicator: 5.7" STN color LCD (320 x 240 dots) with backlight

Note) The LCD may have some pixels that do not stay on or off.

Due to the characteristics of liquid crystal, the brightness may not be uniform, which is not a failure.

Color of indication:

14 colors

Applicable language:

English

Life of backlight: 50,000 hours

(the complete indicator unit should be replaced when replacing backlight).

Trend display:

Direction: vertical and horizontal

Number of channels: 6 channels or 4 channels or 3 channels for the screen (Input: 6 points at the maximum).

Display refreshment cycles:

select from 1 second to 12 hours

No numerical value display. Scale display/no-display can be selected.

Bar graph display:

Direction: vertical

Number of channels: 6 channels or 4 channels or 3 channels for the screen (Input: 6 points at the maximum).

Display refreshment cycles: 1 second.

Digital display:

Number of channels: 6 channels or 4 channels or for the screen (Input: 6 points at the maximum).

Display refreshment cycles: 1 second.

Event summary display:

Alarm summary and message summary can be displayed.

Ethernet log display:

E-mail sending, FTP server log in/off and MODBUS TCP/IP communication start/stop can be displayed.

Parameter display/set:

Already-set Data Display and Set Change Display screen

TAG indication: Number of characters to be displayed:
Up to 8 characters at 6 channels on one screen or up to 16 (= 8 × 2) characters at 4 channels on one screen.
Characters to be displayed:
Alphanumeric characters
Tag, unit and channel number display:
It depends on the screen. See below table.

Screen	Number of channel on one screen	Items			
		TAG1	TAG2	unit	ch number
Trend	4 or less	+	+	+	+
	more than 5	x		x	x
Bar graph	4 or less	+	+	+	+
	more than 5	x		x	x
Digital		all items are displayed			

x: only 1 item can be displayed.
+: only 2 items can be displayed.

Historical trend display:

The past data can be displayed from the Compact Flash or internal memory. The past data file can be read and displayed with scroll display function or jump the cursor to the position which you entered date and time. Scale display/no-display can be selected.

Number of screen groups:

1 group (Up to 6 channels per 1 group can be registered.)

3. Keyboard

No. of Keys: 8
Function: Use to select various screens and set various parameters.

4. Recording function

External memory media:
Compact Flash card
(Format as FAT16 or FAT, or recorder can't read and write.)

Recording capacity:
A max. of 512 MB (Compact Flash card)
* Only the Sandisk's compact flash is warranted. And please replace the compact flash every six months to prevent the data losing.

Recording method:
Turning ON the REC key allows measured data to be written at fixed cycles. Recorded as a new file whenever the recording starts

Data save cycles:
Linked to the display refreshment cycles on the "Trend display" screen. However, they are automatically set to about 1 minute if the refreshment cycles are set to less than 1 minute.

Trend data: Average, instance or min. and max. measured values out of measured data that are sampled at the measuring cycles are saved.

Event data: Saves alarm data and power ON data when the power turns off and on during recording.

Storage capacity: Approximately 2 years when the display refresh cycle is 30 seconds (in the case of 6-channel recording in ASCII data format, and 256MB Compact Flash is used). Refer to Item 2.3.

Memory usage: Indicates the rate of memory which has already used on the screen. If the residual capacity is none, the recording stops.

Recommended card:

SanDisk
URL: <http://www.sandisk.com>
Type: SDCFB-256 (256MB)
Available at any PC shops

Recommended PC card adaptor:

SanDisk Corp. SDAD-38

Data format: Either of ASCII or binary format can be selected. (Switching cannot be made while the recording is in progress. In the case of ASCII format, the data can be directly read on Excel, etc.)

Note: The data recorded in binary format cannot be read directly.

Approximately 118 bytes per sample (for 6-channel input in ASCII format) or approximately 28 bytes (for 6-channel input in binary format)

5. Alarm function

No. of settings: Up to 4 alarms for each channel are settable.

Type of alarm: High/Low limits

Indication: Status (alarm types) is displayed on digital display unit when an alarm occurs.
History display on alarm summary (Alarm start/cancel time and alarm types)

Hysteresis: Set within the recording range of 0 to 100% (it is effective only in case of high/low limit alarm)

Relay output: Number of points; 10

Alarm latch function: Keeps alarm indication and alarm output turning on after alarm reset.
ON/OFF operation is performed according to key setting.

6. Power supply

Rated power voltage:
100 to 240V AC

Range of operating voltage:
90 to 264V AC

Supply frequency:
50/60Hz (both employable)

Power consumption

100V AC	About 32VA
240V AC	About 42VA

7. Structure

Mounting method: Panel-mounted (vertical panel)

Thickness of panel: 2 to 26 mm

Materials: PC-ABS for case and bezel

Color: Black

External dimensions: Panel-mounted: 160 (W) × 144 (H) × 185 (D) mm

Mass: Approx. 1.5 kg (no option)

External terminal board: Screw terminals (M3 thread)

8. Normal operating condition

Power voltage: 90 to 264V AC

Supply frequency: 50/60 Hz ±2% (both employable)

Ambient temperature: Panel-mounted
0 to 50°C
(without Ethernet option*1)
0 to 40°C
(with Ethernet option*2)

Note) When ambient temperature is 30°C or over, the whole screen may look whitish, but it is not a failure.

Ambient humidity: 20 to 80%RH

Vibration: 10 to 60Hz 0.2m/s² or less

Shock: None

Magnetic field: 400 A/m or less

Signal source resistance: Thermocouple input 1kΩ or less
Resistance bulb input... 10Ω/wire or less (resistance of each wire of 3-wire system should be balanced).
Voltage input... 0.1% or less of input resistance

Mounting posture: Forward tilt 0°, backward tilt within 30°, horizontal 0°

Warm-up time: One hour or more after power ON

*1: In case of the 12th digit of ordering code is "Y".

*2: In case of the 12th digit of ordering code is "E".

9. Safety and EMC standard

Safety standard: Based on IEC61010-1

EMC standard: Based on EN61326

10. Transportation/storage conditions

Temperature: -10 to +60°C

Humidity: 5 to 90%RH, no condensation

Vibration: 10 to 60Hz, 2.45m/s² or lower

Shock: 294m/s² or lower (packed state)

11. Reference standard

Accuracy/resolution: Measuring conditions (23±2°C, 65±10% RH, power voltage, frequency fluctuation within ±1%, no external noise, warm-up time of 1 hour or more, vertical mounting, standard values of signal source resistance and wiring resistance... within 1%)

Input types		Digital indication accuracy Note 1	Digital indication resolution
Thermocouple	B R S K E J T N W L U PN	± (0.15%+1 digit) (0.3%+1 digit) for the range shown below Thermocouple B : 400 to 600°C Thermocouples R and S : 0 to 300°C Thermocouples K, E, J, T, L and U : -200 to -100°C	0.1°C
	Resistance bulb	JPt100 Pt100 Pt50 Ni100 Cu50	± (0.15%+1 digit) ± (0.5%+1 digit)
DC voltage	50mV 500mV 1-5V 0-5V	± (0.15%+1 digit)	10μV
			100μV
			1mV
			1mV

Note 1) Digital indication accuracy is a percentage (%) of the value in the measuring range on page 13-1.

Note 2) No error of reference contact compensation of thermocouple is included.

Error of reference contact compensation:

K, E, J, T, N, L, U, PN: ±0.5°C
R, S, B, W: ±1.0°C
(when measured at 0°C or more)

Max. input voltage:

Thermocouple, resistance bulb, DC voltage: ±10V DC (continuous)

Input resistance:

Thermocouple, DC voltage: About 1MΩ (at power on)
About 100kΩ (at power off)

12. Others

Clock: With calendar function (Christian era)
Accuracy: ±50 ppm or less (monthly error: about 2 minutes)
However, time error at power ON/OFF is not included.

Memory backup: Parameters are saved to the internal non-volatile flash memory.
The clock and totalized data are backed up with built-in lithium battery.

Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (when measured between each terminal and ground by using a 500V DC megger)

Withstand voltage: Power terminal – ground: 2000V AC, 1 min
Input terminal – ground: 500V AC, 1 min
Alarm terminal – ground: 2000V AC, 1 min
Alarm terminal – alarm terminal: 750V AC, 1 min
Communication terminal – ground: 500V AC, 1 min
Alarm terminal (open-collector) – ground: 500V AC, 1 min

13. Effect on operation

Effect of power supply fluctuation conditions:

For the fluctuation in the range from 90 to 264V AC (frequency: 50/60Hz)

Reading change: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

For the fluctuation in the range from 47 to 63Hz (power voltage: 100V AC)

Reading change: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

Effect of input signal resistance:

Thermocouple input: $30\mu\text{V}\pm 1 \text{ digit}$ per 100Ω

DC voltage: Fluctuation for resistance value equivalent to 0.1% of the input resistance: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

Resistance bulb (for wiring resistance of 10Ω for 1 line (the same for 3 lines))

Reading change: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

Effect of ambient temperature:

Reading change: $\pm(0.3\%+1 \text{ digit})/10^\circ\text{C}$ or lower.

Effect of Mounting position:

For the backward 30° slant

Reading change: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

Effect of vibration:

When sine wave of 10 to 60Hz with the acceleration of 0.2m/s^2 is applied in each direction for 2 hours.

Reading change: $\pm(0.2\%+1 \text{ digit})$ or lower.

14. Additional function (option)

■ Alarm relay output/DI (11th digit of code symbols: "1")

A card with 10-point relay output and 5-point DI input can be mounted.

Terminal structure:

M3 screw terminal

Alarm relay output:

Contact output (SPST:10 points), Individual channel or common output (OR output) allowed.

DO1: Contact capacity; 150V/3A AC, 30V/3A DC (resistance load)

DO2-10: Contact capacity; 240/3A AC, 30V/3A DC (resistance load)

DI input:

No-voltage contact input (5 points)

The following control is allowed by contact input.

(1) Recording start/stop

(2) LCD turns on

(3) E-mail sending

On pulse width: 200msec or longer

Off pulse width: 200msec or longer

15. Ethernet

The following can be performed through the Ethernet function.

■ HTTP server (Internet Explorer 6 is compatible) ^{Note 1}

Measurement display:

Digitally displays the measurement of each channel of the recorder and alarm occurrence status.

Event summary display:

Displays event summary including alarm ON/OFF.

Main unit information display:

Displays memory use conditions and information on the main unit such as the battery end warning.

Integrated value display:

Digitally displays the integrated value of each channel of the recorder.

■ FTP server (Internet Explorer 6 is compatible.) ^{Note 1}

File download: Record files stored in compact flash (CF) can be downloaded from the browser.

File delete: Record files stored in CF can be deleted from the browser.

Access authentication:

Authenticates access authority to FTP server.

■ SMTP (e-mail client)

Transmits e-mails to specified address under the following conditions.

(1) When an alarm turns on or off

(2) When DI is set to ON or OFF

(3) When an error occurs to the main unit (such as low battery or no memory space)

(4) At specified intervals

■ MODBUS TC/IP

Data read: Settings can be read through MODBUS TCP/IP communication.

Data write: Settings can be written through MODBUS TCP/IP communication.

Note1: Neither Netscape nor Mozilla Firefox is available.

16. Support software

The following software is provided as standard.

- PC/AT-compatible machine
- Operation on PC98-series machines by NEC is not guaranteed.
- Operation on self-made or shop-brand PCs is not guaranteed.

■ Loader software for PC

Major function: Performs various parameter setting/change of the main unit

O/S: Windows 2000/XP

Required memory: 64MB or larger

Disk drive: Windows 2000/XP-capable CD-ROM drive

Hard disk capacity: Free capacity of 30MB or larger required

Printer: Windows 2000/XP-capable printer and printer driver

Note) PC loader communication cable (type PHZP1801) is separately required.

■ Data viewer software

Major function: Regenerates the past trend record on the PC from the data in the Compact Flash. Provided with historical trend display and event display functions.

O/S: Windows 2000/XP

Required memory: 64MB or larger

Disk drive: Windows 2000/XP-complaint CD-ROM drive

Hard disk drive: Free capacity of 30MB or larger required

Printer: Windows 2000/XP-capable printer and printer driver

17. Standard functions

Function	Description
Record range voluntary setting	Recording range can be set by channel.
Input type setting	Input can be set by channel. (Key operation on the front face) The same input type is selected for channel 4 and 5. See "SELECTING INPUT TYPE" on the last page.
Skip function	Skips arbitrary channel display/recording.
Trend display	Time display: Time is displayed at the top of the trend display screen. Alarm display: On occurrence of an alarm and the restoration, alarm is displayed in the alarm display field. The Compact Flash usage is displayed at the top of the bargraph.
TAG name display	By channel, Maximum of 8 characters.
Screen name display	Displays the screen name (maximum of 16 characters).
Unit creation	Industrial units can be arbitrarily created, Maximum of 7 digits, 12 types.
Scaling function	Arbitrary scaling is allowed in the case of DC voltage input. Decimal point position can also be arbitrarily set in the range from -32767 to 32767.
PV shift	Shift the zero point and slant of the reading.
Input filter	Prevents sudden fluctuation of input for each channel (primary delay filter). Time constant: 0 to 900 seconds.
Burnout function	Displays the break of thermocouple/resistance bulb input by scaling out to 100% side.
Historical trend display	Regenerates and displays the data stored in the compact flash by scrolling the screen or jump to time when you entered.

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Recording format (ASCII)

(1) Trend data file

```
S000000.FDT
PHF61B11-E10EV
SNo.A6L0890T Ver.V04F
06.00,08.00
CH01,TAG 01 ,01,31,mV , 0.0, 500.0,0.0, 0.0, 0.0,000,100,1,0,0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0
CH02,TAG 02 ,02,31,mV , 0.0, 500.0,1,0, 0.0, 0.0,000,100,1,0,0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0
CH03,TAG 03 ,03,31,mV , 0.0, 500.0,2,0, 0.0, 0.0,000,100,1,0,0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0
CH04,TAG 04 ,04,31,mV , 0.0, 500.0,0,0, 0.0, 0.0,000,100,1,0,0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0
CH05,TAG 05 ,11,31,mV , 0.0, 500.0,0,0, 0.0, 0.0,000,100,1,0,0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0,0.0,0, 0.0
CH06,TAG 06 ,10,33,V , 0.000, 5.000,0.0, 0.000, 0.000,000,100,3,0,0,0, 0.000,0.0,0, 0.000,0.0,0, 0.000,0.0,0, 0.000
G1,Display Group1 ,01,02,03,04,05,06,00,00,00,00
G2,Display Group2 ,01,02,03,04,05,06,00,00,00,00
G3,Display Group3 ,01,02,03,04,05,06,00,00,00,00
G4,Display Group4 ,01,02,03,04,05,06,00,00,00,00
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2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:08, 60.7, 60.7, 164.6, 254.0, 364.0, 364.4, 463.2, 463.6, 0.276, 0.276
```

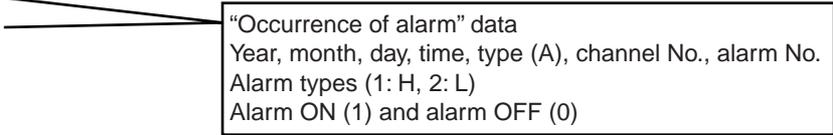
Parameter set values,
channel No.,TAG name,
recorded color, input types,
units, display range (0%),
display range (100%), etc.

MAX. value and MIN. value
of each channel

Note) Data such as burn-out, error, and time of occurrence are recorded as -32768 (with decimal point). Over-/under range Indication is recorded as 32767/-32767 (with decimal point).

(2) Event data file

A000000.FDT
PHF61B11-E10EV
SNo.A6L0890T Ver.V04F
2007/ 1/ 8 14:33:17,A,01,1,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:33:22,A,02,2,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:33:26,A,03,3,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:33:30,A,04,4,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:33:42,A,04,4,01,0
2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:25,A,03,3,01,0
2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:30,A,02,2,01,0
2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:34,A,01,1,01,0
2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:54,A,01,1,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:34:57,A,02,2,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:35:01,A,03,3,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:35:04,A,04,4,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:35:09,A,06,4,01,1
2007/ 1/ 8 14:35:29,A,06,4,01,0



"Occurrence of alarm" data
Year, month, day, time, type (A), channel No., alarm No.
Alarm types (1: H, 2: L)
Alarm ON (1) and alarm OFF (0)

Appendix 2 Parameters that cannot be set during recording

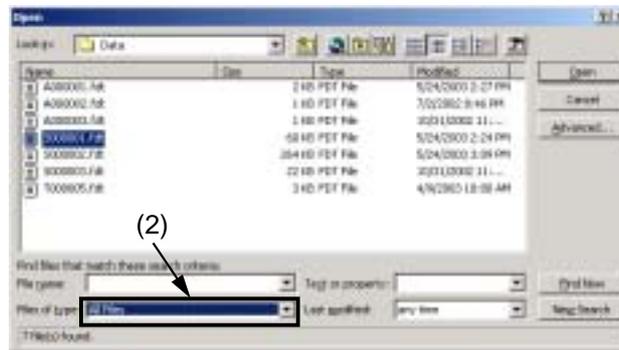
Channel parameters	Input types Units Scaling (measuring range, engineering unit) Square rooter TAG1, TAG2 Display range Recording action
Unit parameters	Display refreshment cycles Display naming Screen structure Clock Record data format
Functions that cannot be used during recording	Channel parameter copying function Parameter initialization

Appendix 3 Opening the PHF record data in ASCII format on Excel

Note 1: The record data in binary format cannot be opened following the procedure shown below. (Refer to Item 9.1 (11) for details.)

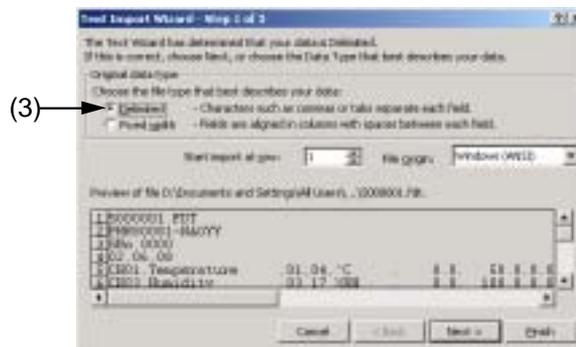
Note 2: The record data of 10MB or larger in case of 3-point input, and 5MB or larger in case of 6-point input cannot be opened on Excel. In these cases, read the data using the data viewer (contained in the attached CD-ROM) and perform CSV conversion to divide the file, which allows the data to be read.

(1) Start up Excel, select “File(F)” and the “Open (O)” on the menu to display the following screen.



(2) Select “All” for the file type, and select PHF record data (S****.FDT).

(3) Selecting the file displays the following data format setting screen. Select “Dividing characters such as a comma or a tab....” for the original data format, and then press the “Next” button.



(4) Pressing the “Next” button displays the following screen.

Check “Comma (C)” in the dividing character setting.



(5) Pressing the “Exit (E)” button displays the record data of PHF.

Appendix 4 Timing of recording

The timing of recording varies depending on display refresh cycle and integration record cycle.

Example: When the recording is started at 08:45 at the display refresh cycle of 20 minutes, the data is recorded next when the clock indicates 0, that is, at 09:00. The recording will thus be performed at 09:20, 09:40, 10:00etc.

Display refresh cycle	Data is recorded when the PHL clock indicates the following time.
1 second	Every second
2 seconds	Every even-numbered second
3 seconds	At 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36, 39, 42, 45, 48, 51, 54, 57 seconds
5 seconds	At 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55 seconds
10 seconds	At 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 seconds
20 seconds	At 0, 20, 40 seconds
30 seconds	At 0, 30 seconds
1 minute	Every minute (When 0 is displayed. The same for the following)
2 minutes	Every even-numbered minute
3 minutes	At 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36, 39, 42, 45, 48, 51, 54, 57 minutes
5 minutes	At 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55 minutes
10 minutes	At 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 minutes
20 minutes	At 0, 20, 40 minutes
30 minutes	At 0, 30 minutes
1 hour	Every hour (When "0 m :0 s" is displayed. The same for the following)
2 hours	Every even-numbered hour
3 hours	At 0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21 hours
4 hours	At 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20 hours
6 hours	At 0, 6, 12, 18 hours
12 hours	At 0, 12 hours

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